Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service

Features Book



Important notes

The Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) for Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service (Service) is divided into two parts:

- PDS Part 1 Features Book (this document)
- PDS Part 2 Schedule of Fees and Costs.

You should read this document carefully, together with the current Schedule of Fees and Costs, before making a decision to use the Service. If you have not also received the Schedule of Fees and Costs, please contact us (our contact details are on the inside back cover).

You should also read the 'Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service Investment Menu' (investment menu), 'Trustee diversification limits' document and 'Defined Fees for superannuation products' document (incorporated information), each of which forms part of this PDS (see 'Incorporation by reference' in the 'Further information' section at the end of this PDS). The incorporated information is available at www.perpetual.com.au/saf or can be obtained without extra charge by contacting us or your financial adviser.

A Small APRA Fund (SAF) is a superannuation fund with up to six members and with a professional trustee. Under the terms of this PDS, a new SAF may be created under its own Trust Deed or if the members so choose, a SAF may arise from the conversion from a former Self Managed Superannuation Fund (SMSF) and transfer of Trusteeship to ETSL.

SAFs are subject to prudential regulation by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA).

Unless otherwise stated in relation to particular disclosures, references in this PDS to 'we', 'us', 'our', 'ETSL' and 'Trustee' are to Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited, the trustee of the Funds using the Service.

Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298, AFSL 240975)(ETL) is the issuer of product disclosure statements for some of the managed funds available to a Fund through the Service. The Trustee and ETL are subsidiaries of EQT Holdings Limited (ABN 22 607 797 615) (Equity Trustees Group) which is a public company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX:EQT).

'Fund' means the SAF to be specified in the application form attached to this PDS. Each Fund has a trust deed that sets out the rules for the establishment and operation of the Fund and is subject to relevant laws. In the event of any conflict between the terms of the PDS (including incorporated information) and the terms of the trust deed and relevant law, the provisions of the trust deed and relevant law will prevail. The Trustee reserves the right to amend the terms and conditions of the Fund in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed and relevant law.

References to 'you' and 'your' are to members or prospective members of a Fund using the Service.

The Service includes the establishment of your Fund (if required), trustee, fund and investment administration and asset custody services. We will act as trustee of your Fund and have appointed Perpetual Trustee Company Limited ABN 42 000 001 007 AFSL 236643 (PTCo) to provide administration and custody services in respect of the Fund. PTCo is also the promoter of the Fund and in

this capacity provides promotional, website and other services (including a Client Portal).

This PDS is only available to persons receiving it (electronically or otherwise) within Australia.

You may request further information which has previously been made available to the public and which might reasonably influence your decision about whether to use the Service. Such information is accessible by contacting us (see inside back cover of this PDS for details). We'll tell you if there is a charge to provide you with this further information.

Your interest in the Fund is subject to investment risk. These risks may include the loss of income and capital.

Neither we, PTCo, nor any other party referred to in this PDS, guarantee that you will earn any return on your Fund's investments or that your investment will gain in value or retain its value.

This PDS describes the important features of the Service. You should read this PDS carefully before making a decision to establish a SAF in, or transfer an existing DIY fund into, the Service. This PDS should help you to decide whether the Service will meet your needs and may assist you to compare it to others.

The Target Market Determination (TMD) for the Service is available at www.perpetual.com.au or by contacting us.

The information contained in this PDS is of a general nature only. It is based on applicable laws as at the date of this PDS. To the extent permitted by law, no responsibility is accepted for any loss created as a result of subsequent changes to applicable laws.

Certain information in this PDS may change from time to time. Where this information is not materially adverse, the updated information will be made available at www.perpetual.com.au/saf. A paper or electronic copy of any updated information will be given to you without charge upon request. If a change is considered materially adverse, we'll replace this PDS or issue a supplementary PDS. Any replacement and/or supplementary PDS will be available at www.perpetual.com.au/saf or you can obtain a paper copy without extra charge, on request. If there is an increase in the Service's fees or charges (other than government fees and charges), we'll give you at least 30 days' prior written notice.

You should keep a copy of the current PDS and any other supplementary material updating the PDS for future reference.

This PDS does not take into account your or any other person's investment objectives, financial situation or needs. We recommend that you obtain professional advice from a financial and/or tax adviser, taking into account your own objectives, financial situation and needs, before deciding to use the Service. You should also assess and consider the tax implications of having a SAF.

Applications to use the Service may only be made on the application form attached to this PDS.

All amounts in this PDS are in Australian dollars (unless otherwise specified). A business day is a working day in Sydney.

Perpetual

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General information

Introduction

About small APRA funds (SAFs)

Superannuation funds are long-term savings vehicles designed to help provide an income to you in retirement. They offer a number of tax concessions, for example:

- when you contribute, you may invest 'before tax dollars' through salary sacrifice or claim a tax deduction in some circumstances for personal contributions
- while your money is invested, a complying superannuation fund's investment earnings are usually concessionally taxed, with a maximum tax rate of 15%
- superannuation benefits are generally tax free when you are aged 60 and over.

SAFs are flexible vehicles that enable you to effectively accumulate and manage your retirement savings. SAFs can have up to six members, and give the members the ability to invest their super directly into a wide variety of assets, including shares and real estate as determined by the Trustee from time to time. They also allow members to have greater flexibility and influence over the way their superannuation is managed, and the benefits it provides.

SAF accounts may be grouped together with other Perpetual Private Wrap¹ accounts so you can benefit from consolidated fees, reporting and statements (see 'Consolidated balances for fee purposes' in the Schedule of Fees and Costs and 'Consolidated report on your account' in the 'SAF Service difference' section and 'Ongoing reporting' in the 'Reporting' section for further information).

About Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service

The Service is a comprehensive trustee, fund, investment administration and asset custody service for SAFs. It operates on the basis that we act as trustee of a Fund which we establish for you or become the trustee of an existing SMSF or SAF.

As the trustee of your Fund, ETSL must meet competency and capital adequacy standards set by APRA and will be responsible for the administration, management and compliance of your Fund.

Each member of your Fund may have a number of different accounts within the Fund providing for a range of superannuation and pension benefits.

We suggest a minimum initial Fund balance of at least \$400,000 to set up a SAF under the Service. However, we may establish your Fund or accept a transfer of your existing SAF or SMSF with lesser amounts. Ultimately you should satisfy yourself that the amount invested to establish, or convert to, a SAF via the Service is appropriate for your circumstances.

Benefits of the Service

The Service allows you to:

- take advantage of more sophisticated wealth management and accumulation strategies
- be relieved of the burden of the day-to-day fund administration
- have a high level of input into your superannuation investment portfolio
- · make superannuation contributions
- · roll over superannuation benefit payments
- · receive superannuation benefit payments
- · receive a retirement income.

Your financial and/or tax adviser can assist you in this regard.

Advantages of a SAF with the Service

Flexibility

The investment options available with a SAF give you more investment control, allowing you to better tailor your Fund's investments.

The Service gives you the flexibility to mix superannuation benefit payments with pensions, as appropriate to your specific circumstances.

Investment flexibility in the Fund may allow you to retain more control over your capital and investments compared to retirement income streams offered by other types of superannuation funds.

Tax management

A SAF provides you with a vehicle that can accommodate sophisticated retirement and financial planning strategies, including capital gains tax (CGT) management.

Accumulating wealth using a SAF generally gives you greater control over the timing of asset sales and purchases, which plays a major role in managing your Fund's tax position.greater

When you retire on or after age 60 your Fund can pay you a lump sum and/or pension which is generally tax-free.

Estate planning

For most Australians, superannuation forms a significant part of their accumulated wealth. The Service allows you to retain greater control over your retirement capital and can play a key role in your estate planning arrangements.

Peace of mind

The Service does not have the trustee and administrative burdens that are normally associated with running an SMSF. We handle the day-to-day safekeeping of assets and administrative matters, leaving you free to focus on investment and financial planning decisions.

The Perpetual Private Wrap consists of the Perpetual Private Investment Wrap which is an investor directed portfolio service (IDPS) operated by PTCo, the Perpetual Private Super Wrap and Pension Wrap which are part of the Perpetual Super Wrap (RSE R1074406), ABN 22 897 174 641) issued by ETSL as trustee. You are able to obtain the respective offer documents from your financial adviser or account manager.

Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service at a glance

-eatures	Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service
und establishment	Prepares and executes your Fund's trust deed
	Lodges election to become a regulated fund
	Applies to APRA for the Registrable Superannuation Entity (RSE) number for your Fund
Transfer from an existing SAF or SMSF	Prepares trust deed amendments to align to the SAF standard deed rules
	Assesses completeness of Fund records and administration
	Collates information to enable transfer
	Transfers assets and enters Fund records onto our systems
Asset custody and management	Holds all assets in safekeeping
	Arranges asset purchases and sales
	Collects and reconciles income received
	Pays Fund expenses
	Manages real property ¹
und and member reporting	Provides quarterly periodic account statements
	Provides website access to up-to-date asset and transactional information
	Prepares annual member reports
	Provides copy of annual accounts
	Provides ability to link multiple Perpetual Private Wrap accounts to access consolidated reporting
Compliance and administration	Responsible for ensuring compliance with applicable laws
	Prepares annual accounts
	Prepares and lodges regulatory returns
	Maintains the trust deed
	Completes Fund accounting
	Completes Fund and member record keeping
	Prepares and lodges business activity statements and instalment activity statements whe required
	Completes annual PAYG withholding tax reporting
	Arranges Fund audit
	Liaises with regulatory authorities
Benefit payments	Makes payment decisions
	Makes superannuation benefit payments
	Produces superannuation benefit payments documentation
	Establishes pensions
	Makes pension payments
nvestments	Provides a range of investment strategies to choose from
	Allows investment in a wide range of investment types ²
	Share trading is available online for your adviser or via approved external brokers
	Undertakes investment compliance with the law
	Monitors investments to ensure compliance with selected investment strategy

- $1\quad \mbox{We generally outsource this service to PTCo on behalf of the Fund.}$
- 2 Either you or your authorised adviser make investment recommendations to ETSL as trustee of your Fund. We provide guidelines with respect to investments we can accept as trustee in compliance with the law see 'Your Fund's investments' in the 'Investments' section for further information.

The main participants

You

A SAF is not for everyone, however our experience suggests that it may be suitable for people:

- with at least \$400,000 in super
- who want to have a significant role in determining their Fund's investments, either directly or through their adviser
- wishing to take advantage of the more sophisticated wealth accumulation strategies available via a SAF (your financial adviser may assist you).

Trustee

ETSL will be the trustee of your Fund. ETSL is responsible for maintaining your Fund's compliance with applicable laws to secure the resulting tax concessions and to ensure that your Fund is maintained in the best financial interests of the members. However, you will be responsible for ensuring that we are notified if there are changes to your circumstances which might affect the Funds compliance with applicable law and any available tax concessions.

Administrator, Custodian and Promoter

We have appointed PTCo to provide a range of services to SAFs via the Service. PTCo also has a dedicated team which specialises in SAF and SMSF fund administration. The administration team is responsible for your Fund's establishment or transfer and administration.

PTCo will hold custody of all of your Fund's assets. Custody refers to the safekeeping of assets on behalf of another. The custodian holds assets, collects and reconciles income, settles asset purchases and sales, re-values assets and facilitates any offshore investments. This may also involve the appointment of sub-custodians. Any additional costs for a sub-custodian's service are detailed in the 'Schedule of Fees and Costs'.

PTCo's role also includes distributing and promoting the Service.

Your adviser

You must have a financial adviser registered with PTCo's online platform to set up a Fund in the Service.

Your adviser is integral to the establishment of your Fund, or transfer of your existing SMSF or SAF, and its ongoing management (including management of your Fund and any accounts, and transacting on your behalf). As your main point of contact for Fund queries, your adviser can help you identify an appropriate investment strategy which best suits your risk profile and needs, and can provide you with information about the investment options available to implement the strategy.

Your adviser will be authorised to place your investment instructions for the Fund (including to buy and sell investments). We will act on the instructions received from your adviser as if those instructions were from you.

Details of the services your adviser will provide will be outlined in the Financial Services Guide and Statement of Advice they provide to you.

Your adviser is not an agent or representative of the Trustee. Neither the Trustee, any of its related entities or their respective employees, endorse, warrant or accept any responsibility for any of the services provided by your adviser. The Trustee does not bear any responsibility for

any financial product advice provided to you by your adviser, your instructions not being acted upon in a timely fashion by your adviser, or any other actions of your adviser.

Ceasing your relationship with your adviser

An adviser is integral to the ongoing management of your Fund. Please contact us if your relationship with your adviser ceases. To remain in the Service you will need to provide us with the details of your new adviser who will need to meet our requirements and be registered to use the Service.

If you choose not to have an adviser after your Fund is established, a dedicated account manager will be appointed so you can continue to manage your investments through the Perpetual Private Custody Service. The Perpetual Private Custody Service is provided by PTCo, which PTCo is authorised to provide under its Australian Financial Services Licence 236643 (AFSL).

Getting started

To use the Service, you will need to either set up a new SAF or transfer an existing SAF or SMSF into the Service.

Setting up a new SAF

1. Applying

Applying for a new SAF is easy and your financial adviser can help you. Simply fill in the application forms attached to this PDS and send them to us at the address on the inside back cover.

Each member of your Fund will need to fill in an application form.

We reserve the right to accept (or reject) your application in our absolute discretion.

2. Initial contributions and rollovers

A 'Contribution details – Individuals' form is attached to this PDS to use for making personal (non-concessional) contributions (including downsizer and spouse contributions). More details on the types of contributions that can be made to your Fund can be found in the 'Accumulation accounts' section.

If you are setting up a new SAF using a rollover from another fund, we'll need to send a transfer instruction to that fund. The 'Benefit transfer request' form attached to this PDS can be used for this purpose.

Limits apply to both non-concessional and concessional (eg employer) contributions (see 'Contribution limits' in the 'Accumulation accounts' section for details).

3. Once established

We'll notify you once your Fund is fully established and ready to operate, and accept assets and contributions and will send you a copy of your Fund's trust deed. Where required we will also apply to the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) for an Australian business number (ABN) and/or register your Fund for goods and services tax (GST) purposes.

Transferring an existing SMSF or SAF

If you have an existing SMSF or SAF, you may transfer it into the Service if ETSL agrees to its appointment as trustee. The process involved is outlined below:

1. Assessment

We must first determine whether we are prepared to act as trustee for the Fund. We'll send you a detailed checklist of the information that we need to make this assessment, including:

- completed application forms from all members
- the SMSF or SAF's original trust deed and all amending deeds
- a current list of all assets held by the SMSF or SAF
- a copy of the SMSF or SAF's most recent audited financial statements
- a copy of the SMSF or SAF's current investment strategy
- a copy of the regulator's acknowledgment that the SMSF (ATO) or SAF (APRA) is a regulated fund under the law
- confirmation of lodgement of prior years' tax and regulatory returns.

Once we have reviewed the information provided, we'll advise you of any further information required prior to agreeing to act as trustee. We reserve the right to accept (or reject) appointment as trustee in our absolute discretion.

2. Retirement and appointment

We'll generally prepare any necessary legal documentation to effect the retirement of the existing trustee, appointment of ETSL as the new trustee, and amendment to the rules of your Fund so that our standard SAF deed rules apply. You should speak to your legal, financial and tax adviser before executing any legal documentation as there may be tax and other consequences.

Once you appoint ETSL as the trustee of your Fund, we'll notify APRA and the ATO. Where required, we will also apply to APRA for a Registrable Superannuation Entity (RSE) number.

3. Collate and reconcile Fund information

We must establish and confirm the Fund's present financial position. This involves us processing in our administration system all of the Fund's transactions from the most recent audit up to the present date. At the same time we confirm the CGT history of the assets and the exact asset holdings.

The length of time that this will take to complete will depend on the types of assets held, the frequency of purchases and sales and any dividend reinvestment or other relevant transactions, as well as the quality of the data received.

If we find that prior work is incomplete or requires rectification, we'll inform you and provide an estimate of the cost for us to complete that work.

During this stage you will need to consider the necessity of any further transactions, as this adds to the complexity of the reconciliation we need to do and the time it will take to complete.

4. Transfer of assets and cash

The Fund's assets are transferred into the name of the custodian. Generally an asset transfer document is required. This may result in stamp duty being incurred by the Fund. In some instances a limited power of attorney may be sought, to assist with the efficient transfer of assets.

5. Funds paying pensions

Where an existing SMSF or SAF is paying a pension, we'll require full details about the pension, together with details of the current financial year pension calculations.

6. Funds with insurance policies

Where your former fund provides insurance benefits for a member, we'll need to arrange the transfer of the policy into ETSL's name as trustee of your Fund. Usually this requires completion of a memorandum of transfer to be sent with the original policy document to the insurer for endorsement and registration.

7. Takeover completion

Once the assets have been transferred to us and the Fund established within our administration system and provided we have received confirmation from the ATO and APRA, your Fund is fully operational..

Proof of identity requirements

All members of your Fund must complete the 'Customer identification form – Individuals and sole traders' (which is available at www.perpetual.com.au). You must also provide certified copies of identification documents as outlined. Failure to provide completed 'Customer identification forms' by all members with your application may result in a delay in processing your application or paying you a benefit.

We may also require additional information from you to assess your application and after we have accepted your application to use the Service.

Understanding risk

Investment risks

All investments carry risk. The value of your Fund's investments may fall for a number of reasons, which means that you may receive less than your original investment when you withdraw or your Fund may not receive income over a given timeframe. Before making an investment decision, it's important to understand the risks that can affect the value of your Fund's investments. While it's not possible to identify every risk relevant to investing, we have detailed in the following table significant risks (in no particular order) that may affect your Fund's investments.

Different strategies may carry different levels of risk, depending on the assets that make up the strategy, and assets with the highest long-term returns may also carry the highest level of short-term risk due to their generally larger fluctuations in returns.

The risk information contained in this PDS is of a general nature only. You should also obtain specific information about the risks associated with any particular investments that you may choose for your Fund.

Your financial adviser can assist you in determining appropriate investments for your Fund.

Significant risks

Type of risk	Description of risk
Market and economic risk	Certain events may have a negative effect on the price of all types of investments within a particular market. These events may include changes in economic, social, technological or political conditions, as well as market sentiment, the causes of which may include changes in governments or government policies, political unrest, wars, terrorism, sanctions, pandemics and natural, nuclear and environmental disasters. The duration and potential impacts of such events can be highly unpredictable, which may give rise to increased and/or prolonged market volatility.
Asset risk	$\label{thm:can result in a reduction in the value of your investment.}$
Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) risks	Inadequate consideration of issues related to environmental, social, governance and ethical factors may mean that investment values are adversely impacted.
Interest rate risk	Both prevailing interest rates and changes in interest rates may have a negative impact, either directly or indirectly, on investment returns.
Credit risk	The issuer or party to a transaction may not repay the principal, make interest payments or fulfil other financial obligations in full and/or on time. The market value of an investment can also fall significantly when the perceived risk of a note or bond increases or its credit rating declines.
Currency risk	For investments in international assets, which have currency exposure, there is potential for adverse movements in exchange rates to reduce their Australian dollar value. For example, if the Australian dollar rises, the value of international investments expressed in Australian dollars can fall. Currency management or hedging strategies may not necessarily provide protection against adverse currency movements.
Liquidity risk	The absence of an established market or shortage of buyers for certain types of investments can result in a loss if the holder of the investment needs to sell it within a particular timeframe. A shortage of liquidity can also result in delays in the payment of benefits from your Fund.
Derivatives risk	The risk associated with the use of financial derivatives including an adverse movement in the asset or index underlying the derivative, the possibility of a derivative position being difficult or costly to reverse, or that the parties do not perform their obligations under the contract. As the value of derivatives is linked to the value of the underlying assets and can be highly volatile, gains and losses from derivative transactions can be substantial. Investing directly into derivatives is not permitted, but underlying managed investment schemes may use derivatives.
Gearing risks	The risk that borrowing to increase investment exposure leads to greater losses with adverse market price movements and may result in a breach of loan covenants. Gearing magnifies returns or losses and hence increases the volatility of returns. Geared investments may significantly underperform equivalent non-geared investments when the underlying assets experience negative returns and in extreme market declines all capital invested could be lost. Borrowing is not permitted within your SAF, however underlying investments may use gearing (borrowing). Gains and losses from geared transactions can be substantial.
Counterparty risk	A loss may occur if the other party to a contract defaults on their obligations under the contract.
Property risk	Risks associated with holding real property within your SAF which may include but are not limited to: vacancy risk i.e the risk associated with not having a tenant paying rent property damage risk rezoning risk, and compulsory acquisition risk

Legal and regulatory risk	Changes in legislation and differences between rules (including interpretation of the law) in domestic and foreign markets, including those dealing with superannuation, taxation, accounting and investments, may adversely affect your Fund's investments (see 'Other risks' in this section for more information).
Portfolio concentration risks	Investing in a portfolio with a smaller number of investments may lead to more volatile returns than investing in a more diversified portfolio.
Member directed investment risk	The assets you select for your Fund's investments may not meet your investment return expectations or may compromise your Fund's investment compliance with the law (see 'Member directed investment risk' in this section for further information).

Member directed investment risk

We have structured a range of investment strategies to provide an appropriate framework for your Fund's investment portfolio (see the 'Investments' section for further information). However, you choose the underlying assets for your Fund within this framework. There is a risk that the assets you select may not meet your investment return expectations, and may fall in value. There are also risks that a member's individual portfolio under the chosen investment strategy may not be adequately diversified or sufficiently liquid to meet their individual needs.

Also, if you select investments for your Fund that are not permitted by law, your Fund may become non-complying and lose its concessional tax status. Our investment policy is designed to mitigate this risk (see 'Investment policy summary' in the 'Investments' section for further information).

Managing investment risks

While you cannot eliminate investment risks for your Fund, it is important to consider your individual investment timeframe, your investment objectives and your individual risk tolerance. Choose your Fund's investments carefully.

We recommend you consult your financial adviser to assist you with your choice of investment strategy, investments and risk tolerance. This will help you with your choice of investments for your Fund and the level of diversification you require.

Selecting suitable investments

Your financial adviser can provide you with advice on which investments for your Fund are best suited to your circumstances. There are several important considerations when making your selection:

- Risk profile: Different types of investments have different levels of expected risk and return. Likewise members have varying degrees of risk tolerance. Before you make your selection, it is important to understand your own risk profile in order to match your risk and return expectations with those of the investments you select for your Fund or account(s) in the Fund.
- Investment time horizon: Your investment timeframe will influence your tolerance to volatility.
- Risk tolerance: Risk tolerance is your ability to cope
 with potential losses on your investments. If you are
 more concerned with the security of your investments
 than the level of returns, you will generally be
 considered to be a conservative investor. The more
 willing you are to endure the ups and downs in the

- market in order to achieve your desired returns, the higher your risk tolerance.
- Return expectations: To achieve returns greater than the cash or fixed income bond rates you need to have a greater risk tolerance. If you want to seek high returns over the long term then you must be prepared to accept the risk of low returns as well as possible negative returns in the short term. Returns are not guaranteed.

Diversification

Diversifying your Fund's investments can help reduce both risk and the volatility of investment returns. While having a diversified portfolio can mean your best performing investment offsets the worst, the reverse also holds in that your worst performing investment can offset the best.

You can diversify your Fund's investments in several ways:

- Across different asset classes: You can diversify by spreading your Fund's investments across the different major asset classes such as shares, property, fixed income and cash. Since each asset class has its own volatility and return characteristics, by combining them you can tailor the range of investments to help meet your needs.
- 2. Across several assets within the one class: You can diversify your Fund's investment across a range of assets within the one class such as shares. Assets within the same class can have differing volatility and return characteristics. Combining them within your portfolio can help diversify the asset risk of the individual asset and reduce the reliance upon one asset in particular.
- 3. Across several investment managers (for managed investments): Investment managers have different investment styles which may lead to variations in returns in various market conditions. Diversifying across investment managers can reduce the reliance upon one style.

Other risks

Taxation

The rate of income, capital gains or contribution tax payable may change, or additional taxes applied, due to changes in legislation or government policy.

Access to benefits

Access to your superannuation may be further restricted by future changes in legislation.

Operational and cyber risks

The Service's operations may be adversely impacted by breakdowns in internal/external administrative processes or circumstances beyond our reasonable control, such as failure of technology or infrastructure, or natural disasters.

Despite security measures, fraud, data loss/damage or business disruption may result from cyber threats against or unauthorised infiltration of our technology systems and networks or those of our service providers.

Service interruptions

As with any service that uses technology, there is some risk that the Service's administration system (including hardware and software) may fail, causing a delay in processing and reporting in relation to the Fund or your account(s). We have sought to address this risk and the risks associated with other unforeseen circumstances in our business resilience plans and risk management framework (which includes oversight of third party service providers utilised by us to provide the Service). This includes regular attestations confirming adequacy and effectiveness of controls, confirmation of processes to back up computer systems and regular reviews of systems and control procedures including an external, independent audit on an annual basis by relevant service providers.

Reliance on third parties

There is also risk associated with our reliance on information or systems (including technology) provided by external service providers or other third parties including product issuers in which you may invest. We address this risk by having formal service agreements in place with our service providers and ensuring we deal with reputable product issuers. If they notify us of any errors, we will endeavour to correct the errors promptly after we are notified and to the extent that correcting the error is reasonably within our control. If the changes are material, they will be communicated to you and/or your adviser.

To the extent permitted by law and unless caused by our or our service provider's fraud, negligence or wilful misconduct, we are not liable, and do not accept responsibility, for any loss you incur in connection with or arising from a technological failure. Such losses may include delays in processing your instructions or not receiving your instructions.

Conflicts risk

Conflicts of interest may arise between related parties of the Trustee or as between the service providers appointed to provide services to your Fund.

The Trustee has policies and procedures in place to manage any conflicts of interest and to seek to ensure any related parties of the Trustee, and the Trustee's service providers and their related parties, perform their functions to the same standards as if the parties were not related.

Investments

Investment strategy

We understand the importance of your Fund's investments and have developed an investment policy that provides you with a high level of investment flexibility, while maintaining compliance with applicable laws.

Our investment policy includes guidelines for prudent levels of diversification and liquidity for the assets you select for your Fund's investment portfolio. You should carefully consider with your financial adviser whether your investments are adequately diversified and sufficiently liquid for your needs.

Formulating your Fund's investment strategy

Your Fund must have an investment strategy which is based on the objectives your Fund seeks to achieve. As your Fund's trustee, we have formulated a number of investment strategies that seek to achieve various investment objectives, to provide you with a framework for you to determine your Fund's approach.

Issues we consider when formulating an investment strategy include:

- · the risk and likely return from the types of assets held
- diversification (the range of investments within the portfolio)
- liquidity of investments (the ease with which they can be sold to meet cash needs)
- the ability to meet Fund expenses and obligations to members
- the reliability of valuation information in relation to the types of investments that may be held by the Fund
- the expected tax consequences for, and the costs that might be incurred by, the Fund in relation to the types of investments held.

We do not take into account other considerations such as labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations for the purpose of selecting, retaining or realising investments for the investment strategies. The issuers of financial products and/or underlying fund managers accessible to you via the Service may have their own policies concerning labour standards or considerations of an environmental, social or ethical nature.

Selecting your investment strategy

We have developed five investment strategies for use by members (see the following 'Investment strategies' table for details). You must select one of these investment strategies when completing the application form attached to this PDS.

You cannot make contributions or rollovers to your Fund until you choose an investment strategy and it is accepted by the Trustee. If you have transferred assets to us before your Fund has an investment strategy we'll hold and safeguard those assets in your Fund, in the form in which we receive them, until a suitable investment strategy is selected by you and adopted by us.

Members can select a single investment strategy for the Fund as a whole. Alternatively, a member can select an investment strategy for their individual account (member account) within the Fund, in which case we'll administer the assets for that member account on a segregated basis.

Each investment strategy sets minimum and maximum limits for growth and defensive assets.

In setting the investment objectives and strategies, the Trustee has regard to the historical and expected future rates of return for various asset classes. The Trustee has ensured that investment strategies available to members cover the risk and return spectrum.

Changing your investment strategy

As your circumstances change, you can select another investment strategy that more effectively meets your needs as a member.

A summary of the investment strategies available to you when using the Service is set out in the following 'Investment strategies' table. Changes to your selected investment strategy must be made in writing. Should you require further information please contact your adviser, or, if you do not have an adviser, contact us (our contact details are on the inside back cover).

Investment strategies

	Cautious		Conservative		Balanced		
Investment objective	To provide a consistent level of income and preserve capital over the short term.		To provide a consis income while retain to achieve some cap over the short-to-m	ning the ability pital growth	To provide moderate levels of income and capital growth over the medium term.		
Strategy	This investment strat for a substantial inve defensive assets such fixed income assets, no investment in gro	estment in h as cash and with little or	This investment str for the majority of i defensive assets wh some scope for inve growth assets.	nvestments in allst providing	This investment str for a balance of inv growth and defensi	estments i	in
Risk level¹	3 - Low to medium		4 – Medium		5 – Medium to high		
Risk	3 – Low to medium The risk profile of this strategy is low over the short term, with emphasis being on generation of income and preservation of capital. This strategy may be suitable for those who seek regular income returns and are prepared to accept lower overall returns over time with lower levels of volatility in order to preserve capital over the short term.		The risk profile of the lower over the shore emphasis being on income with the postachieve some capital Investment in grow result in some capital the investments in dishould act to limital portfolio. This strategy may be those who seek regreturns but who are accept a low level ocapital values from achieve some capital	t term, with generation of tential to al growth. th assets may cal losses but efensive assets osses of the be suitable for ular income prepared to f volatility in year to year to	The risk profile of t medium over the sh it is possible that so assets may provide short term, the inve- defensive assets sh reduce losses of the This strategy may be those who seek a maincome and capital periods of, typically years with a medium volatility in investmasset values in the	ort term. Vome growt a loss in the streets in the s	While th th the n the o th the the the the the the the the the
Asset allocation ²	Asset sector	Min Max	Asset sector	Min Max	Asset sector	Min	Max
	Growth assets	0% 10%	Growth assets	10% 50%	Growth assets	40%	80%
	Defensive assets	90% 100%	Defensive assets	50% 90%	Defensive assets	20%	60%
	Crowth		High growth		I		

	Growth			High growth			
Investment objective	To provide higher le growth over the me term.		-	To maximise capital growth over the long term.			
Strategy	This investment str for the majority of i growth assets whils some scope for inve defensive assets.	nvestme t provid	ents in ing	This investment str for a substantial inv growth assets such property assets, wit allocation towards assets.	restment as equiti h only a	t in ies and small	
Risk level¹	6 – High			6 - High			
Risk	The risk profile of the medium to high over term. Growth assets with this strategy evolatility. It is possifinestments may put the short-to-medium. This strategy may be those who seek a his overall return over excess of, typically, who are prepared to higher level of volation investment returns values in the short-term.	er the sh s consists whibit proble that covide a n term. be suitab gher lev periods if five year o accept tility in and asse	ort eent rice loss in le for el of in rs and a	The risk profile of the highest over the Growth assets constrategy exhibit price is possible that inverse provide a loss in the This strategy may be those with a long-technorizon and who see of overall return. In the prepared to accept of volatility in investand asset values in term.	e short to istent wi ce volati estments e medium oe suitab rm inves ek higher vestors r ot higher stment re	erm. ith this ility. It is may in term. ole for stiment r levels need to r levels eturns	
Asset allocation ²	Asset sector	Min	Max	Asset sector	Min	Max	
	Growth assets	60%	90%	Growth assets	80%	98%	
	Defensive assets	10%	40%	Defensive assets	2%	20%	

- 1 The risk level represents the Standard Risk Measure (SRM) see below for details.
- 2 Your Fund must comply at all times with the relevant weighting to growth assets and defensive assets for its chosen investment strategy. In all instances your Fund must maintain a weighting of at least 2% in cash.

Growth assets include Australian shares, international shares, property and certain managed investments and alternative assets. **Defensive assets** include cash, term deposits, other fixed income and certain managed investments and alternative assets. Alternative assets and some managed investments, life policies and other asset types can display characteristics of either growth or defensive assets, depending on their type. We'll classify these assets in accordance with our due diligence process (see 'Due diligence process' in this section for more details).

The underlying asset portfolio must consist of investment types that satisfy our due diligence, diversification and liquidity guidelines (see 'Investment policy summary' in this section for details).

Standard Risk Measure (SRM)

The risk level represents the Risk band and Risk label in a Standard Risk Measure (SRM), which is based on industry guidance to allow members to compare investment options that are expected to deliver a similar number of negative annual returns over any 20 year period, as follows.

Risk band	Risk label	Estimated number of negative annual returns over any 20 year period
1	Very low	Less than 0.5
2	Low	0.5 to less than 1
3	Low to medium	1 to less than 2
4	Medium	2 to less than 3
5	Medium to high	3 to less than 4
6	High	4 to less than 6
7	Very high	6 or greater

The SRM is not a complete assessment of all forms of investment risk, for instance it does not detail what the size of the negative return could be or the potential for a positive return to be less than a member may require to meet their objectives. Further, it does not take into account the impact of administration fees and tax on the likelihood of a negative return.

Since the investment strategies provide ranges for allocations between growth and defensive assets, the Trustee has based the SRM for each investment strategy on its highest potential allocation to growth assets. This approach has contributed to an SRM of '4 – Medium' for the 'Conservative' investment strategy, with an estimated 2 to less than 3 negative annual returns over any 20-year period, irrespective of its title. The actual risk within each investment strategy may vary depending on your actual allocation between growth and defensive assets and choice of investments for your Fund.

Members should still ensure they are comfortable with the risks and potential losses associated with their chosen investments.

The SRMs for the investment strategies may change over time for various reasons, including as a result of reviews of the underlying capital market assumptions that are used in their calculation and future changes to asset allocations. Any changes to SRMs at any time will be made available at www.perpetual.com.au/saf.

Your Fund's investments

Once your chosen investment strategy is accepted by the Trustee, you can recommend investments for your Fund, either personally or through your adviser. Where a number of members share the same investment strategy such that your portfolio is unsegregated, investment recommendations for that portfolio must be authorised by each of those members.

We'll generally act on your recommendations provided we are satisfied that the proposed investment:

- · is permitted by the trust deed
- · complies with the law
- · can be administered effectively by us or on our behalf
- is within the asset allocations of your chosen investment strategy which has been accepted by the Trustee
- is consistent with the diversification guidelines and liquidity rules of our investment policy.

Except to the extent required by law we are not responsible for investments that you or your authorised adviser recommend that perform poorly or fail.

We suggest that you meet with your financial adviser at regular intervals to discuss the progress of your Fund and its investments. If you don't have an adviser, you need to review your Fund on a regular basis, and obtain appropriate advice where necessary.

Disclosure for your Fund's investments

You'll need a copy of the disclosure document for any investment you wish to make for your Fund if one is required to be given to you before you make an initial or additional investment.

Your adviser will provide this when they make investment recommendations to you. Alternatively, you can obtain this from the product issuer.

Investment policy summary

The investment policy for our Service describes the types of investments you may include in your Fund, and includes:

- 1. **Due diligence process:** There are some types of investments for which we'll conduct a basic review (or due diligence) before deciding if they are acceptable, and other types of investments for which we'll perform more involved levels of due diligence.
- 2. **Diversification limits:** Guidelines that describe the combinations of investments, and percentages of certain types of investments that you may include in your Fund's portfolio.
- Liquidity rules: To ensure that sufficient investments may be redeemed with relative ease so that your Fund can meet its liabilities.

Due diligence process

The due diligence process is designed to ensure that an investment is appropriate for a Fund. Depending on the nature of the investment, we'll require more information for some asset types than others.

Investment types for which we conduct a basic level of due diligence

Generally, we will accept the following types of investments for Funds using the Service, subject to a basic level of due diligence and our ability to administer the assets:

Investment type	Typical asset allocation classification
Australian listed securities	Growth
Approved international shares	Growth
Australian government bonds	Defensive
Cash deposits	Defensive
Bank bills	Defensive
Registered managed investment schemes	Growth or defensive depending on the nature of the scheme
Term deposits	Defensive
Life insurance policies	Growth or defensive depending on the nature of the underlying investments

Investment types for which we conduct additional due diligence

We may also accept the following types of investments, subject to undertaking a greater level of due diligence and our ability to administer the assets:

- real estate within Australia (not the family home)
- · private, unlisted, or closely held unit trusts
- · private or unlisted companies
- · private business premises
- fixed income securities (other than Australian government bonds)
- · certain listed international securities and derivatives
- · derivatives with limited investment risk.

This means that we'll ask you to provide more detailed information on these types of investments and you will need to establish that the acquisition of such assets will not cause the Fund to breach applicable laws. We recommend you contact us well in advance of any proposed settlement date.

Generally, when assessing these types of investment proposals we'll determine:

- · the precise nature of the asset
- · how we can value and trade in the asset
- · whether the investment is:
 - liquid or illiquid
 - a growth asset or defensive asset
 - allowable under superannuation law (including but not limited to the in-house asset rules).

We will not accept assets that we are notable to adequately administer.

Investment types which we won't accept

Generally, we cannot accept any investments that do not meet the sole purpose test or in-house asset rules, as set out under superannuation law.

We won't accept certain types of investments, including the following:

- · family home
- · any mortgage where the family home is security
- · real estate that is not located within Australia
- · futures contracts
- derivatives with a charge over assets or that have unlimited investment risk
- · residential mortgages
- commodities
- investments in a business with which the member is a related party
- · investments in partnerships
- · collectables, including art, jewellery or antiques
- motor vehicles or motor vehicle leases
- livestock
- arrangements that might involve the Fund running a business
- illiquid assets with no mechanism to transfer to another owner

Diversification limits

Your portfolio of investments must at all times remain within the relevant asset allocation benchmarks (including the minimum cash requirement explained further below) of your Fund's or member account's (as applicable) investment strategy.

In addition, our investment policy places limits on the exposure of a portfolio to certain types of assets. These diversification limits are detailed in a separate document titled 'Trustee diversification limits' that forms part of this PDS (see 'Incorporation by reference' in the 'Further information' section for further information), which is available at www.perpetual.com.au/saf or can be obtained without extra charge by contacting us or your financial adviser.

Liquidity rules

The law requires trustees to consider the liquidity of superannuation investments. As trustee of your Fund, our minimum liquidity requirements are outlined below.

Definition of liquid

We consider the following to be liquid:

Collective or managed investments

- an investment where its constitution provides for the redemption of interests in under 70 days.

· All other assets

- assets where there is either a recognised market for trading of the asset or
- the manager or scheme promoter will make a market or
- the manager or scheme promoter will redeem or transfer title of the asset to another owner.

The Trustee will accept investments that satisfy this definition of 'liquid', subject to the other due diligence, diversification and investment strategy requirements

outlined in this document.

Definition of illiquid

We consider the following to be illiquid:

· Collective or managed investments

 an investment where its constitution does not provide for redemption of interests in under 70 days.

All other assets

- no recognised market for trading of the asset or
- no means of redemption or trading or
- no requirement on a manager or scheme promoter to redeem assets.

Permitted illiquid investments

The Trustee may accept investments that fall within the above definition of 'illiquid', if they:

- satisfy the Trustee's other due diligence, diversification and investment strategy requirements and
- make up no more than 50% of the portfolio, as a percentage of total investments held in your Fund.

Further detail is outlined in our investment policy.

Non-permitted illiquid investments

Assets with no facility to transfer to another owner are not permitted.

Monitoring compliance with your investment strategy, and the Trustee's diversification and liquidity rules

If your Fund wishes to invest in an asset that is not on the current Investment Menu, your or your adviser can apply to have the asset included on the Investment Menu. We reserve the right to reject any request for an asset to be included following any due diligence and consideration of investment limits (including diversification limits and liquidity rules) applicable from time to time. We may also reject an asset that may meet relevant limits if considered necessary or appropriate in order to satisfy our trustee obligations.

On an ongoing basis as part of our service, we regularly monitor the asset allocation and liquidity levels of your investments in your Fund against your investment strategy, and against our investment policy diversification and liquidity rules. Over time, market movements in your Fund's investments, or transactions you make in your Fund, can mean that your Fund's investments move away from the asset allocation required under your nominated investment strategy, and/or our diversification and liquidity rules.

If your Fund's investments move away from the asset allocation required under your nominated investment strategy and/or our diversification or liquidity rules, we will request that you to change the asset allocation of your Fund to bring it back into line with your chosen investment strategy and/or our diversification or liquidity rules.

Alternatively, if only the investment strategy of your Fund is affected (rather than the investment strategy of a member account of a Fund operated on a segregated basis), you may select a new investment strategy with different asset allocations to better suit your needs. If this option is available to you, we'll write to you requesting that you select a more appropriate investment strategy. If we do not receive your response within the time

specified in our letter, we'll change the investment strategy on your behalf.

If we cannot contact you or if you do not, within the time specified by us:

- make a contribution into your Fund for investment into an appropriate asset that rectifies the breach
- advise us which assets are to be bought or sold to realign the investments of your member account or
- advise us that you wish to change your investment strategy,

then we may:

- notify you of the proposed steps to buy or sell assets to ensure that your member account complies with its approved investment strategy, including the applicable diversification and liquidity rules. Any costs incurred in connection with such sale/purchase shall be reimbursed out of your Fund/member account or
- · retire as trustee.

We are committed to working with you to determine the best course of action if your Fund's investment portfolio becomes misaligned with your chosen investment strategy and/or our diversification or liquidity rules. However, should we not be able to continue operating your Fund in accordance with our investment policy and your chosen investment strategy, we reserve the right to retiree as trustee of the Fund.

Transacting

Contributions

Individual contributions

You can make initial and additional personal contributions (or receive spouse contributions) to your Fund by transferring money directly to your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account via BPAY® or electronic funds transfer (EFT).

® Registered to BPAY Pty Ltd ABN 69 079 137 518.



You must provide us with full details of all contributions made to your Fund so that we can ensure they receive the correct tax treatment. If the contribution relates to more than one member account we'll also need a breakdown of the contribution from you. A contribution details form for individual contributions is provided with this document.

Employer contributions

Any employer contributions should be made electronically via a SuperStream compliant* electronic service provider or (up until 1 July 2026) the ATO's Small Business Superannuation Clearing House.

*SuperStream is a government standard requiring all employers to provide contributions and related data to super funds electronically.

Your investment instructions

You provide investment instructions (to buy, sell or switch investments) through your adviser or account manager. If you cannot contact your adviser or account manager, you must give us instructions directly, provided that you have received the relevant disclosure documents when buying or switching investments.

Instructions will be acted on and effected as soon as practicable but there is no obligation to do so by any particular time, nor any obligation to enquire whether they are genuine or proper (where it is not reasonably apparent that they may not be genuine or proper). To the extent permitted by law, we will not be liable for any delay in acting on those instructions where the delay is caused by circumstances outside of our control or due to us making enquiries about the validity and/or authorisation of instructions on your account, and we have acted properly. In certain circumstances your assets can be realised without obtaining your instructions, with the proceeds paid to your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account (eg if your managed investment holding has dropped below the minimum requirement). You are responsible for any associated fees and costs.

We will act on all instructions from your adviser or directly from you except in limited circumstances, including if:

- we suspect that you or your adviser are in breach of the terms of this PDS, including breaching trustee investment diversification limits
- · the authenticity of the instruction is in doubt

- · the instructions are unclear
- following the instructions is contrary to the law or relevant policy
- you do not have sufficient available cash in your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account to carry out the instructions
- your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account balance would fall below the minimum balance if the instructions were carried out
- you do not have sufficient investment holdings for us to carry out the instructions
- acting on the instructions would be impracticable or would breach relevant market practice or
- there are other reasons beyond our control (eg corporate actions in progress).

We will act as your agent for the receipt of trade confirmations.

The acquisition of an investment by the Trustee as directed by you or your adviser is subject to:

- · applicable due diligence processes
- the investment limits (including diversification limits and liquidity rules)
- · the investment menu and
- any restrictions that the Trustee may determine are reasonable to distribute consistently with an investment's target market determination (if applicable).

The Trustee will only sell or draw down an investment other than as directed by you where:

- the sale is required to ensure you have the minimum balance required in your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account
- · the investment is removed from the investment menu
- it is required to pay for fees, costs or other expenses (eg, insurance premiums or tax)
- a corporate action will result in you having an investment that is not on the investment menu
- it is required to top up your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account to meet a payment authorised by a regulator
- it is required to top up your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account to fund minimum pension payment requirements, or
- it is otherwise required by law.

In these circumstances money will be drawn from the following investments, starting with the highest balance, generally in the following order:

- · Managed investments (that are liquid)
- Australian listed securities
- · International shares
- Term deposits
- · Domestic fixed income securities
- Other investments as determined by the Trustee.

In these situations, you bear the risk of the transaction and the Trustee is, to the extent permitted by law, exempted from liability for any loss you sustain.

How instructions can be made

You or your adviser may be required to give us instructions electronically or in another manner that the Trustee (or its service provider) reasonably determines as being appropriate from time to time. You or your adviser will be notified of the manner in which instructions must or can be given once your SAF is established though the Service and your adviser has been nominated by you. We do not accept all instructions and we may reasonably delay, or require further information, before acting on an instruction where it is appropriate to do so (for example, requesting supporting evidence to verify its authenticity where it is reasonably apparent that the instruction may not be genuine).

Your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account

When you open an account, we'll establish a Perpetual Cash Account for your Fund. Your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account will be used to:

- · credit all cash contributions and rollovers to your Fund
- · fund the purchase of your Fund's investments
- receive the proceeds from the sale of your Fund's investments
- receive income from your Fund's investments
- receive a benefit from your insurance policy (if applicable)
- hold any surplus cash in relation to your Fund's portfolio
- pay any relevant fees, costs and taxes (where payable from the Cash Account)
- make benefit payments (including pension payments) if you satisfy a condition of release.

You do not need to give us specific instructions or directions in relation to your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account. All fees and taxes relating to your Fund's portfolio and to pay fees and charges to the person or entity entitled to them (including us and our associates) will be debited from your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account.

Your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account is held through PTCo (as the custodian) with a banking institution as determined by or on behalf of the Trustee from time to time. Currently the required Perpetual Cash Account is invested with Macquarie Bank Limited ABN 46 008 583 542, AFSL 237502 (MBL). You can contact us to determine whether the Federal Government's Financial Claims Scheme (a scheme to protect deposit-holders with Australian deposit taking institutions, subject to certain conditions) applies to this investment. This will depend on certain matters beyond our control, such as regulatory determinations by APRA. The nature of the Financial Claims Scheme may also change over time.

Your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account earns a return based on the interest payable by MBL. The rate of return varies from time to time.

Holding sufficient cash

You must hold the lesser of \$2,500, or at least 2% of the value of your Fund in your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account (lower amounts may be maintained at the Trustee's discretion) to pay for all transactions, fees, costs and taxes that are incurred on your Fund's behalf.

Before transacting on your account, you must have sufficient available cash (above the minimum balance) in your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account. If you sell assets within your Fund's portfolio, the proceeds cannot usually be used for another transaction or withdrawal until settlement occurs and the proceeds are cleared in your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account. If you transact on your Fund's portfolio with insufficient available cash, the transaction will be rejected.

In some circumstances a trade for a listed security (where there is insufficient available cash in your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account) will be funded through the disposal of any managed investment(s) you hold. Where a transaction is rejected for a listed security, you may be charged a failed trade fee.

If your available cash balance falls below the minimum cash requirement, or you hold insufficient available cash to meet any payments (including fees and costs), we reserve the right to sell down your investment holdings to meet those payments and/or replenish your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account to the minimum balance (as outlined under 'Your investment instructions' above).

Any transaction instructions involving the acquisition of assets may also fail where there is available cash but the transaction will result in your available cash balance falling below the minimum balance requirement.

Further information

Further information about the Perpetual Cash Account, including the current rate of return payable on Perpetual Cash Account balances at any time, will be available on the Client Portal or from your adviser.

Transferring existing assets

Where permitted by the law, existing assets may be transferred into your Fund to consolidate your portfolio without needing to sell securities. Assets are transferred into the name of the custodian. This may result in stamp duty being incurred.

You'll need to complete an Asset Take-Up Form and provide all original paperwork regarding these existing assets, including any tax records. Please also be aware that this transfer process can take time, which may cause delays in implementing investment transactions and confirming the initial value of your Fund.

You or the existing fund/asset owner may be asked to provide a limited power of attorney, to assist with the efficient transfer of assets, reduce the amount of paperwork you need to sign and speed up the process.

The asset information you provide will be used in the ongoing administration of your Fund. To ensure this information is reliable, we must be able to obtain details of the assets, including its cost base, in a form acceptable to us at the time the assets are transferred.

Reinvestment programs

If you would like to participate in a dividend or income reinvestment plan, you can give us a standing instruction over any or all of your Fund's assets (excluding some international assets). Your adviser can arrange this or any changes to your instructions.

Investment income

We'll manage the collection of all investment income for your Fund's assets including the collection of dividends, distributions and interest and will credit them to your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account. Investment income is subject to tax. See 'Tax' section for further information.

Accumulation accounts

Overview

Contributions paid by you or on your behalf (including by an employer), together with any rollovers and benefits transferred from a former fund, are credited to an accumulation account maintained in your name and invested according to the selected investment strategy. The accumulation account is also credited with investment earnings including any realised and unrealised change in net market value and the proceeds of any insurance policies. It is debited with fees, costs and other charges including tax on income and contributions.

Your benefits may be paid when you satisfy a condition of release, as detailed in the 'Conditions of release for superannuation benefits' table in this section.

Your benefit may be divided if you separate or divorce from your spouse (either by court order after legal proceedings between you and your spouse, or by agreement between you and your spouse) – see 'Superannuation and family law' in the 'Estate planning' section for further information.

Your benefits can be paid to your estate or dependants if you die – see 'Death benefits' in the 'Estate planning' section for further information.

You may roll over your benefit to another complying superannuation fund.

In some circumstances benefits must be paid to the ATO (for example, lost and unclaimed moneys).

Please note there are restrictions on the ability for members who are not tax residents of Australia to contribute or roll over other superannuation balances to a SAF. We recommend you consult your financial and/or tax adviser if you are a non-resident and are considering a SAF.

Operating your Fund

Contributions

Once established, your Fund is able to accept contributions and rollovers. Individual contributions (personal contributions including spouse and downsizer contributions) may be made via BPAY®, EFT, periodic payment or transfer of assets into the Fund

Your employer should make any employer contributions electronically (see 'Transacting' section earlier).

All contributions are required to be allocated and fully vested in the relevant member.

If you wish to establish a pension using superannuation contributions and/or rollovers from an existing superannuation fund, as part of establishing your SAF via the Service, you will need to complete both the 'Opening balance' and 'Pension account' sections of the application form attached to this PDS.

Provided you are eligible, and subject to the transfer balance cap (see 'Income stream total account balance limit' in the 'Pension accounts' section for details), you can transfer an existing SAF or SMSF into the Service and start a pension immediately after your SAF is fully established and assets received using specified contributions and one or more rollovers from an existing superannuation fund.

Superannuation rules are complex, which is why we recommend that you obtain appropriate professional financial and/or tax advice before deciding to make a particular type of contribution.

Eligibility for superannuation contributions

Superannuation contributions can generally be accepted from you or from your employer or your spouse (legal or de facto) on your behalf if you meet the requirements shown in the following 'Eligibility for superannuation contributions' table.

Eligibility for superannuation contributions

Your situation	(Concessional	contributions	5	Non-concession	al contributions
	From your employer			Personal	Personal	From your
	SG ¹	Certified Agreement or Award	Voluntary			spouse
You are under age 75 ²	X	X	X	X_3	X ⁴	Х
You are aged 75 or over	Х	Х	N/A	N/A	X^5	N/A

- 1 SG (Superannuation Guarantee) Your employer is generally required to pay contributions on your behalf (currently 11.5% of your salary and scheduled to increase to 12% from 1 July 2025).
- 2 Contributions must be received by us within 28 days after the end of the month in which the member turns 75.
- 3 Members aged 67 and over must meet the work test (whereby you must have worked at least 40 hours in a period of no more than 30 consecutive days during the financial year) or work test exemption if you intend to claim a personal tax deduction for your contributions. Refer to www.ato.gov.au for more information or consult your adviser.
- 4 For members aged 55 or over, non-concessional personal contributions can include downsizer contributions of up to \$300,000 from the proceeds following the sale of your principal residence (see 'Downsizer contributions' in this section for further information).
- 5 The only type of non-concessional contribution that can be made after age 75 are downsizer contributions (see 'Downsizer contributions' in this section for further information).

Contribution limits

Subject to the eligibility requirements, there are also some restrictions on the amount of contributions that can be made into your Fund before additional taxes are charged, as detailed below. Your Fund can accept all of the following types of contributions.

You can obtain further information about contribution limits, including details of any updated threshold amounts each year, from www.ato.gov.au.

Concessional contributions

These contributions are also referred to as 'before-tax' contributions. Concessional contributions generally include employer contributions (including superannuation guarantee and salary sacrifice) and personal contributions for which you claim a tax deduction.

The concessional contributions cap is \$30,000 for the 2024/2025 financial year. This amount will be indexed in line with Average Weekly Ordinary Time Earnings (AWOTE) once the increase in the indexed amount is greater than \$2,500. This cap applies to all your concessional contributions across superannuation funds or products you participate in. You can obtain updated information about the level of the cap (for 2025/2026) from www.ato.gov.au.

Excess concessional contributions attract additional tax (see the 'Tax' section for details) and may also count towards your non-concessional contributions limit (see below).

We will monitor concessional contributions made to your member account in the Fund against the relevant cap. You are responsible for monitoring your total concessional contributions against the cap.

Provision to make 'catch-up' concessional contributions

Members with a total superannuation balance¹ of less than \$500,000 on 30 June of the previous financial year who have not fully utilised their concessional contributions cap in the 2019/2020 or subsequent financial years will be able to carry forward the unused cap amounts on a rolling five consecutive year basis to make additional concessional contributions. You can check your details of any unused concessional contributions cap using the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) online services through myGov.

1 This includes the withdrawal value of all of your superannuation, including any accumulation, transition to retirement and pension accounts, adjusted for any structured settlement contributions. You can check your total superannuation balance using the ATO online services through myGov.

Employer contributions

You may choose to have your future employer superannuation guarantee contributions paid into a fund of your choice. To see if you are eligible, contact your employer.

If you are eligible, simply complete a 'standard choice form' (available from your employer or the ATO) with your Fund and member details and return it to your employer together with the 'Compliance letter' attached to this PDS to instruct your employer to make contributions on your behalf into your Fund.

Non-concessional contributions

These contributions are also referred to as 'after-tax contributions'.

The non-concessional contributions cap is four times the concessional contributions cap noted above (that is, \$120,000 for the 2024/2025 financial year), provided you have a total superannuation balance of less than \$1.9 million as at 30 June 2024. This cap applies to all your non-concessional contributions across superannuation funds or products you participate in. Members under age 75 with a total superannuation balance under \$1.66 million² will be eligible to bring forward 2 or 3 years of non-concessional contributions, as shown in the following table.

Non-concessional contributions cap/bring forward rules if triggered in 2024/2025

Total super balance at 30 June 2024	Non-concessional contributions cap/bring forward rules
\$1.9 million or more	\$0
\$1.78 million to less than \$1.9 million ²	\$120,000, no bring forward period
\$1.66 million to less than \$1.78 million	\$240,000, two-year bring forward period
Less than \$1.66 million	\$360,000, three-year bring forward period

2 The \$1.9 million threshold is the general transfer balance cap less the annual non-concessional contributions cap (\$120,000 for the 2024/2025 financial year).

Excess non-concessional contributions may attract additional tax (see the 'Tax' section for details). **You are responsible for monitoring your total non-concessional contributions against the cap.**

Any spouse contributions are counted towards the receiving spouse's non-concessional contributions limit.

You can obtain updated information about the level of the non-concessional contributions cap (for 2025/2026) and bring forward amounts from www.ato.gov.au.

Contributions made from personal injury settlements

Settlement proceeds (structured settlements) received for an injury resulting in permanent disablement that meet the qualifying criteria summarised below are exempt from the non-concessional contributions limit and are excluded from a member's total superannuation balance.

Qualifying criteria:

- two qualified medical practitioners must certify that as a result of the injury the individual is unlikely to ever be able to be gainfully employed in a capacity for which they are reasonably qualified because of education, experience or training
- the contribution of the personal injury settlement payment must be made to a superannuation fund within 90 days of the payment being received or the structured settlement coming into effect (whichever is later)

the individual must ensure that the fund is aware that
the contribution is being made under this exemption
by completing a 'Contributions for personal injury
election' form (available from the ATO website) and
providing it to the fund before or when making the
contribution.

Downsizer contributions

Members aged 55 or over can make additional contributions of up to \$300,000 from the proceeds following the sale of their principal residence (which they must have owned for the past 10 or more years), provided they meet the eligibility criteria including:

- the contribution must be made to the super fund within
 90 days generally from the date of settlement
- the individual must also ensure that the fund is aware that the contribution is being made under this provision by completing and returning a 'Downsizer contribution into superannuation' form (available from the ATO website) to the fund before or when making the contribution

Also note:

- both members of a couple can contribute in respect of the same house (ie, \$300,000 each)
- the contribution amount is exempt from the total super balance test (\$1.9 million for the 2024/2025 financial year) for making non-concessional contributions
- the contribution amount is not exempt from the Centrelink age pension assets test.

For further information, refer to the ATO website.

Government co-contributions

Members may be eligible for the Government co-contribution if:

- the member has made personal non-concessional contributions up to \$1,000 during that financial year
- the member has a total income (assessable income plus reportable fringe benefits and reportable employer super contributions less allowable deductions for carrying on a business, where applicable) less than the higher income threshold
- 10% or more of the member's total income must come from employment-related activities and/or carrying on a business
- the member is less than 71 years of age at the end of the financial year
- the income tax return for the member for the financial year has been lodged
- the member's non-concessional contributions for the financial year do not exceed their non-concessional contributions cap for that year
- the member's total superannuation balance is less than \$1.9 million on 30 June of the previous financial year
- the member is not the holder of a temporary visa during the financial year.

The co-contribution rate is 50%, with a maximum \$500 co-contribution (per financial year) applying for individuals with a total income up to the lower income threshold (see below), which reduces by 3.333 cents for every \$1 of total income up to the higher income threshold where it ceases to apply.

For the 2024/2025 financial year, the lower income threshold is \$45,400 with a higher income threshold of \$60,400. The higher income threshold is set at \$15,000 above the (indexed) lower income threshold.

You can obtain updated information about the thresholds from www.ato.gov.au.

Low income superannuation tax offset

A superannuation contribution of up to \$500 annually (not indexed) will be paid by the Government for individuals on adjusted taxable incomes of up to \$37,000. The amount payable into the individual's superannuation account will be calculated by applying a 15% matching rate to the concessional contributions made by or for such eliqible individuals.

This effectively means that eligible individuals can have \$3,333 in concessional contributions made to superannuation each financial year without having their benefits reduced by contributions tax as the \$500 payment will offset the contributions tax payable.

Small business capital gains

Small business owners who qualify for the small business capital gains tax (CGT) concessions may be exempt from the non-concessional contributions limit. The proceeds from the disposal of eligible assets are exempt up to a lifetime limit of \$1.78 million for the 2024/2025 financial year (indexed) provided that the individual has made the fund aware that the contribution is being made under these provisions by completing and returning to the fund a 'Capital gains tax cap election' form (available from the ATO website) prior to or when making the contribution.

Recontributing amounts withdrawn under the COVID-19 early release provisions

Members who utilised the COVID-19 early release initiative to withdraw money from their super in the 2019/2020 and/or 2020/2021 financial years can recontribute up to the amount withdrawn on or before 30 June 2030 without these recontributions counting towards their non-concessional contributions cap.

The individual must ensure the fund is aware that the contribution is being made under these provisions before or when making the contribution and provide a completed 'Notice of re-contribution of COVID-19 early release amounts' form (available from the ATO website).

In-specie contributions

An in-specie contribution is one where an asset, rather than cash, is contributed to your Fund. An in specie contribution can be made by you, your employer or your spouse.

It is important to note that superannuation funds are generally prohibited from acquiring assets from members or their related parties. However, there are some exceptions to this rule, including listed securities, widely held unit trust investments and 'business real property' which must be obtained at arm's length and at market value.

If you would like to make an in-specie contribution, you should contact us to ensure the contribution is allowed and to obtain further information about the process to be followed. Assets will be valued using applicable prices on the date the transfer is effected, which is the date that all valid signed transfer documentation is received by our

administration team. The asset must also be consistent with your Fund's investment strategy.

Contribution limits and tax also apply to in-specie contributions and they may have tax consequences. As recommended above, you should obtain appropriate professional financial and/or tax advice before proceeding.

First home super saver (FHSS) scheme

The FHSS scheme administered by the ATO allows first home buyers to contribute up to \$15,000 per year (and \$50,000 in total) to superannuation, within the relevant contribution caps. This includes personal and salary sacrifice contributions (voluntary contributions) but not superannuation guarantee contributions.

Eligible individuals can apply to the ATO for these voluntary contributions plus deemed earnings (at a rate which will be calculated by the ATO using the 90-day Bank Bill rate plus 3%) to be withdrawn under the FHSS scheme.

The contributions plus deemed earnings will only be released subject to a release authority being provided by the ATO to the fund. Any amounts released by the fund are required to be paid to the ATO.

Withdrawals of concessional contributions plus deemed earnings will be taxed at the individual's marginal tax rate (plus Medicare levy) less a 30% tax offset. Withdrawals of non-concessional contributions will not be subject to tax. The ATO will withhold any applicable tax before paying the net amount released to the individual.

If the released amount is not used to acquire a property within 12 months:

- The ATO will automatically grant you an extension for a further 12 months
- You can recontribute an amount (which must be at least equal to the assessable FHSS released amount, less any tax that was withheld) back into super as a non-concessional contribution within the 12-month period (or the extended time period) and notify the ATO of the recontributed amount
- You can pay FHSS tax of 20% on the assessable amount that was released.

When you are ready to receive your FHSS amounts, you need to apply to the Commissioner of Taxation for a FHSS determination and a release. You can apply online using your myGov account linked to the ATO.

Super contributions splitting

Members may elect to have up to 85% of any concessional contributions up to the concessional contributions cap in any financial year transferred to a superannuation account in the name of their spouse (if applicable).

Non-concessional contributions and rollovers can't be split.

Super contributions splitting generally operates as follows:

- a member's application to transfer the contributions for a financial year must be made in writing and may only be made after the end of that financial year (or during the financial year where the member's entire benefit is being withdrawn from the fund)
- a member may only make one application to split contributions in each financial year

- the member's application must contain a confirmation from their receiving spouse either that:
 - they haven't reached age 601 or
 - if they are between 60 years of age¹ and 65 years, they haven't satisfied a relevant condition of release
- the fund will then transfer the relevant amount from the member's account to an account for the spouse, as soon as is practicable (and in any case within 90 days) after receiving a valid application from the member.
- 1 See 'Accessing your superannuation benefit' in this section for details about preservation age.

Further information on super contributions splitting is available on the ATO's website. We recommend you consult your financial and/or tax adviser if you are considering super contributions splitting.

Accessing your superannuation benefit

Superannuation is a long-term investment and the Government has placed restrictions on when you can access your benefit, as shown in the following 'Conditions of release for superannuation benefits' table.

You can withdraw any 'unrestricted non-preserved' benefits at any time.

We recommend that you discuss your superannuation benefit payments with your financial and/or tax adviser, as there are a number of tax matters that impact on these payments, especially if you are under age 60 (see the 'Tax' section for further information).

Key conditions of release are summarised in the table below.

Conditions of release for superannuation benefits

Event	Preserved benefits	Restricted non-preserved benefits
Reaching age 65	X	X
Retiring¹ having reached age 60	X	X
Leaving a gainful employment arrangement after reaching age 60	X	X
Ceasing employment without satisfying any of the above conditions ²		X
Starting a 'transition to retirement' pension after reaching age 60	X ₃	X ₃
Permanent incapacity ²	X	X
Temporary incapacity (for release of insurance benefits only) ²	X ₃	X ₃
Diagnosed with a terminal medical condition likely to result in your death within 24 months ^{2,4}	X	X
Severe financial hardship ²	X	X
Compassionate grounds ²	X	X

Death ⁵	X	X
Departing Australia superannuation payment (DASP) ^{2,6}	X	X
Previously classified as a lost member and total benefit in the Fund is less than \$200	X	X
Release authority given for payment of excess contributions tax ⁷	X	X

- 1 Under superannuation law, this means you have ceased to be gainfully employed and you don't intend to become gainfully employed for 10 hours or more each week again.
- 2 There are additional requirements you'll need to satisfy before a payment can be made contact us for further information.
- 3 Your benefit can only be taken as an income stream.
- 4 Even if you satisfy the 'terminal medical condition' condition of release under superannuation law, you will also need to satisfy any relevant conditions under the insurance policy (eg potentially a shorter life expectancy period) before any insured death benefit, if applicable, is paid.
- 5 See 'Death benefits' in the 'Estate planning' section for more information.
- 6 Applies to temporary residents (excluding Australian citizens, New Zealand citizens or permanent residents) who have left Australia and their visa has ceased to be in effect. Please note that temporary residents are not able to access their superannuation benefits in all the other circumstances available to Australian citizens, New Zealand citizens or permanent residents. Contact us for further information.
- 7 See 'Contribution limits' in this section and the 'Tax' section for more information.

Preservation age

If you are age 60 or more, you have reached your preservation age. If you are under age 60, you have not.

Superannuation lump sum benefit payments

If you satisfy a condition of release, and wish to have your superannuation benefit paid in the form of a lump sum (where permissible), simply complete a withdrawal form which is available at www.perpetual.com.au/safor contact us for a copy. Alternatively you can write to us detailing the condition of release, the amount you would like to be paid and a nominated Australian bank account held in your name.

The benefit will be paid proportionately from the taxable and tax-free components (see the 'Tax on lump sum benefit payments' table in the 'Tax' section for details of tax payable on these components).

You can receive your superannuation benefit payment as cash or in specie. If you choose to take your benefit payment in specie, transfer costs such as stamp duties and CGT may be included in the calculation of Fund earnings allocated to your member account in the Fund.

Part of your superannuation benefit may be paid to your spouse or former spouse as a consequence of the superannuation splitting and benefit payment provisions under family law (see 'Superannuation and family law' in the 'Estate planning' section for further information).

Transfers and rollovers

Any partial transfer or rollover of benefits to another fund that you may request will also be made proportionately from the taxable and tax-free components of your total benefit.

You should be aware that if your Fund invests in any assets that are deemed to be illiquid, we may not be able to effect a full transfer or rollover of your benefits to another fund within the 30-day rule that generally applies to the portability of superannuation. However, we will do so as soon as possible after receipt of the redemption proceeds.

Pension benefits

Rather than having your entire superannuation benefit paid as a lump sum, you may wish to receive all or part of your entitlement as a pension benefit payment. If eligible, we will pay your pension by way of a direct credit to a nominated Australian bank account that is held in your name.

Please refer to the 'Pension accounts' section for further information.

Insurance

Life insurance

Your Fund is able to hold life insurance for you. On your death, the net proceeds of any life policies will form part of the assets in the Fund to be distributed to your beneficiaries or estate.

If a death or terminal illness insurance benefit is paid into your Fund, this amount will be paid into your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account until the benefit is paid or we receive other investment instructions (where permissible).

Total and permanent disablement (TPD) insurance

Your Fund is able to hold TPD insurance for you, however some insurers only offer TPD in conjunction with life insurance. If you become permanently incapacitated, any TPD benefit paid under the terms of such a policy will form part of your assets in the Fund.

If a TPD insurance benefit is paid into your Fund, this amount will be paid into your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account until a benefit is paid or we receive other investment instructions from a properly authorised person.

You should note that in order for a benefit to be paid from the Fund, the Trustee will also need to be satisfied that you have met a condition of release (see the 'Conditions of release for superannuation benefits' table in this section for details).

A superannuation fund is only able to acquire insurance policies where the payment terms are consistent with the conditions of release specified under superannuation law. These include death, terminal medical condition, permanent incapacity and temporary incapacity cover only. Trauma or TPD 'own occupation' cover cannot be commenced within a superannuation fund after 1 July 2014, however any such existing cover can continue after 1 July 2014 provided it remains in the Fund.

There may be tax consequences based on the type of cover you hold. We recommend you seek financial and/or tax advice before arranging or amending insurance cover.

Salary continuance insurance

Your Fund is able to hold salary continuance insurance for you. If you can't work due to illness or injury you may be eligible to receive a partial replacement of your income depending on the terms of the insurance policy.

Arranging insurance policies

All policies must be held in ETSL's name as trustee of your Fund. However, you will need to arrange for a suitable policy yourself, which may require insurance underwriting. Your financial adviser will be able to assist you.

As the trustee of all SAFs using the Service, we must prepare an insurance strategy that covers:

- the types of insurance to be acquired and offered
- the levels of insurance cover to be acquired and offered
- · how insurers are selected.

We must also:

- consider the cost to beneficiaries of offering and acquiring the insurance
- only offer and acquire insurance if the cost does not inappropriately erode members' retirement benefits.

Accordingly, we may refuse to acquire and offer (and may also cancel, if appropriate) any insurance policy that does not comply with our insurance strategy or accord with our legal obligations.

You should consider the product disclosure statement for any insurance policy you wish to have through your Fund, including the level and type of cover available, eligibility criteria, insurance fees payable, when cover ceases, exclusions and other terms and conditions.

Please contact us or your financial adviser prior to completing any insurance applications to ensure the policy can be held by your Fund.

Pension accounts

Overview

Once you have met a condition of release, your accumulated benefits can be used to provide you with regular income in the form of an account based pension (ABP) that is paid by direct credit to a nominated Australian bank account in your name.

Eligibility

You are generally eligible to start receiving a pension if you have an 'unrestricted non-preserved' benefit. This will generally be when you have met a 'condition of release' that provides you with unrestricted access to your benefit such as reaching age 65, retiring when age 60 or more, leaving a gainful employment arrangement after reach age 60 and permanent incapacity.

However, you may have the option to start an ABP prior to ceasing employment (provided you are age age 60 - 64) through the transition to retirement provisions (see 'Transition to retirement pensions' in this section for details).

Income stream total account balance limit

A transfer balance cap will apply to the total amount of accumulated superannuation that a member can transfer into the retirement (income stream) phase. Subsequent earnings on balances in the retirement phase will not be capped or restricted. The general transfer balance cap is \$1.9 million for the 2024/2025 financial year, which will be indexed in line with the Consumer Price Index (CPI) in \$100,000 increments. Your personal transfer balance cap may be lower if you have commenced a retirement phase pension prior to 1 July 2022.

Where a member accumulates amounts in excess of their personal transfer balance cap in their superannuation account, they will be able to maintain the excess amount in their superannuation accumulation account where earnings will continue to be taxed at the concessional rate of up to 15%.

Transition to retirement (TTR) pensions do not count towards your transfer balance cap since these amounts are not considered to be in the retirement phase and, therefore, earnings on assets supporting TTR pensions are taxed at the same rate as the concessional tax rate applying to fund earnings on superannuation accumulation accounts (see 'Transition to retirement pensions' in this section for further information). Structured settlements are also not included in the transfer balance cap.

Members who breach their personal transfer balance cap will be subject to penalty arrangements and the ATO can issue a commutation authority to the Fund which requires us to transfer the amount determined by the ATO (the reduction amount) back into a superannuation accumulation account.

You can check your personal transfer balance cap using the ATO online services through myGov.

Account based pension (ABP)

The main characteristics of ABPs are summarised in the following table.

Main characteristics of account based pensions

Feature	Characteristics			
Term of the pension	There is no fixed term – the pension finishes when your account balance is exhausted. $ \label{eq:pension} % \begin{center} \$			
Minimum annual pension payment	Your annual pension amount must be at least the minimum determined by multiplying your account balance by the percentage based on your age (see the 'Minimum pension limits' table in this section for details), calculated at commencement and each 1 July.			
	Pension payments are required at least annually, except in the first financial year if your pension commences after 1 June.			
Maximum annual pension payment	There is no maximum annual pension amount, except where your ABP has commenced as a TTR pension' (see below for details).			
Investment earnings	Investment earnings on assets supporting your ABP are generally not subject to tax, except for TTR pensions.			
Access to benefits	Unless your ABP has commenced as a TTR pension, you can withdraw as a lump sum at any time:			
	part of your remaining benefit, provided you have left at least the balance of the remaining minimum pension amount for that financial year			
	 all of your remaining benefit, provided you have received at least the minimum pension payment for the financial year at the time of withdrawal. 			

An ABP will only continue to be paid until the balance of your account is exhausted. You should be aware that the balance of your account may not be sufficient to provide a pension for the rest of your life.

You can start an ABP from a new Fund, a transferring ABP or allocated pension or all or part of your accumulated benefits by completing the 'Pension account' section of the application form attached to this PDS.

Transition to retirement (TTR) pensions

If you have reached your preservation age (see the 'Preservation age' table in the 'Accumulation accounts' section) and are under age 65 but have not ceased employment, you may commence a TTR pension (also known as a pre-retirement pension).

A TTR pension allows you early access to your super money without retiring. A TTR pension provides you with additional income flexibility where, for example, you wish to remain in the workforce but may choose to reduce your hours of work as you approach retirement. It may also provide an opportunity for you to boost your retirement savings by salary sacrificing into superannuation. You should speak to your financial adviser about how a TTR pension can be used to supplement your pre-retirement income and whether it is appropriate for you.

If you commence your pension as a TTR pension:

- you cannot add any future superannuation guarantee or other contributions to your TTR pension account
- you are limited to a maximum pension amount of 10% of your account balance each year (this amount is not pro rata if you commence your TTR pension after 1 July)
- you can stop (or commute) your pension and return your benefit to a superannuation accumulation account (eg if you return to work full time)
- you cannot otherwise access your benefit without satisfying another condition of release under superannuation law (see the 'Conditions of release for superannuation benefits' table in the 'Accumulation accounts' section for details).

Earnings on assets supporting TTR pensions will be taxed at the maximum rate of 15%.

Standard account-based pension features to apply to TTR pensions from age 65

The standard features of an account based pension will be applied to your TTR pension from the time you turn 65, or earlier if you meet another condition of release and once you have notified us.

The income and capital gains earned within your account based pension will not be subject to tax. Your pension payments will continue to be received tax free.

Once this change occurs, we are required to report the value of your account to the ATO. The ATO uses this information to ensure you haven't transferred more than your personal transfer balance cap into a tax-free retirement income stream.

Whilst you will still be required to take the minimum age-based pension amount each year, you will no longer be limited to the maximum pension amount of 10% of your account balance each year that had applied to your TTR pension.

Minimum pension amount

We will calculate the minimum annual payment amount (rounded to the nearest \$10) as at the date of commencing your pension and recalculate it as at 1 July each financial year, based on your age and pension account balance at the time of calculation.

The following 'Minimum pension limits' table shows the minimum annual pension limits that apply to an ABP.

Minimum pension limits

Age range	Percentage of account balance
Under 65	4%
65-74	5%
75-79	6%
80-84	7%
85-89	9%
90-94	11%
95+	14%

The following example shows how the minimum annual payment amount is calculated.

Example

An ABP for \$300,000 commences on 1 July. The member is aged 60 at the time of commencement.

The minimum pension payment for the financial year ending the following 30 June is calculated as:

\$300,000 x 4% = \$12,000

Therefore, the member would be able to nominate an annual pension amount between \$12,000 and their total account balance of \$300,000. If the ABP was commenced as a TTR pension, then the maximum pension amount for that year would instead be limited to \$30,000 (that is $$300,000 \times 10\%$).

If you commence your pension before 1 June in a financial year, your annualised minimum pension payment in the first year will be a pro rata amount based on the number of days in the financial year from the commencement date to the next 30 June. We will advise you if your chosen pension amount is below this limit.

Example

An ABP for \$300,000 commences on 15 September. The member is aged 60 at the time of commencement.

The pro rata minimum pension payment for the financial year ending the following 30 June is calculated as:

 $300,000 \times 4\% \times (288^{1} \div 365) = 9,470^{2}$

- This is the number of days remaining in the financial year.
- 2 The result (\$9,468.49) has been rounded to the nearest \$10.

If you start your pension on or after 1 June in a financial year, you are not required to take a pension payment in that financial year.

You can change the amount of your annual pension at any time (subject to the relevant limits) by notifying us in writing. We have the right to restrict withdrawals and changes to your pension amounts.

You cannot add to your pension account once your pension payments have commenced. If you have accrued any additional superannuation benefits (eg from ongoing contributions), which you would also like to take as a pension, you can either:

- · open a new account to receive a separate pension or
- use our pension refresh facility to commute your existing pension and start a new one after adding other accrued superannuation benefits (see 'Pension refresh facility' in this section for further information).

Pension refresh facility

The pension refresh facility provides an easy way for you to consolidate your existing pension account balance with any additional accrued superannuation benefits at any time after you have commenced your pension. This may be particularly useful, for example, if you continue working and receiving superannuation contributions after you have commenced receiving a pension, as it does away with the need for multiple pension accounts if you also want to take those additional superannuation benefits as a pension.

The pension refresh facility works as follows:

- your existing pension account balance is commuted into a new or existing accumulation account and combined with any additional superannuation benefits that you've accrued in or transferred into your accumulation account
- some or all of your then combined accumulation account balance is transferred back into a new pension account to commence a new pension
- when establishing your new pension account, you also provide us with instructions on:
 - the pension amount
 - the pension payment frequency, payment date, annual increase and bank account
 - the name and details of your reversionary pensioner or alternatively provide a binding nomination
- if you don't provide instructions on your new pension account, the same details that applied to your previous pension account will apply to your new pension account (unless a new minimum payment amount is required under the law).

Please refer to the form available at www.perpetual.com.au or by contacting us for more information to take advantage of this feature.

You should seek financial advice before using the pension refresh facility as there are likely to be associated financial, taxation and social security implications from moving your benefits between accumulation and pension arrangements.

Death benefits

Following your death, the balance of your member account in your Fund may be:

- · transferred to one of your dependants
- cashed as a lump sum to your estate.

Reversionary pensions

You can elect to have your pension continue to be paid after your death to your spouse or another dependant (other than a child aged 18 or more except in limited circumstances). This is known as a 'reversionary pension' because it generally reverts to the other person on your death provided they are eligible to receive a reversionary pension under superannuation law. A reversionary pension that is being paid to the reversionary beneficiary is a continuation of the same pension.

The decision to commence the reversionary pension is at the Trustee's discretion (subject to the law).

Death benefit pension

If you don't elect to have a reversionary pension, upon your death your benefit can be paid to your dependants (including dependent children under 25 years of age) in the form of a pension. Your dependants would need to specifically request this type of benefit payment from us at the time. In these circumstances the payment of a death benefit pension is at the Trustee's discretion and subject to superannuation law.

The application form has provision for you to nominate the preferred distribution of your benefit should you die. This nomination can be changed at any time by notifying us in writing. Any request for the payment of a death benefit as a pension is not binding on the Trustee. However, any such request will be given consideration when we undertake the payment of a death benefit.

Death benefit nominations

Death benefit nominations are discussed in detail in the 'Estate planning' section.

Tax

The tax benefits derived from investing in superannuation are particular to your circumstances, so we recommend you consult a tax adviser. This information is general only and shouldn't be relied on.

You can obtain details of any updated threshold amounts each year from www.ato.gov.au.

Accumulation accounts

Your Fund

Concessional contributions

Concessional contributions are generally subject to tax at up to 15% within the Fund, provided you do not exceed the concessional contributions cap. Higher tax is payable if we don't hold your TFN or you are a high income earner.

Non-concessional contributions

Non-concessional contributions (also known as 'after-tax contributions') are not subject to tax provided you do not exceed the non-concessional contributions cap.

Tax on investment earnings

Provided your Fund is a complying superannuation fund, the maximum tax rate on its taxable income (including realised net capital gains) is 15%. However, the effective rate of income tax is generally less due to the impact of:

- concessional CGT treatment for assets held for more than 12 months
- further concessional treatment for retirement phase pension assets (where applicable)
- allowable deductions (see below)
- tax offsets (see below).

Allowable deductions

Certain expenses incurred by your Fund may be claimed as tax deductions, which reduce the amount of tax payable. This may include fees and costs (including insurance premiums and associated insurance costs) as outlined in Part 2 of this PDS.

You should speak to your financial and/or tax adviser to understand the impact on your Fund.

Tax offsets

Your Fund may be able to claim tax offsets, including franking credits and foreign income tax offset, to reduce the amount of tax payable by the Fund. Excess franking credits may be refundable to your Fund by the ATO.

Members

Concessional contributions

Tax deductions

Employers can claim a full tax deduction for all contributions made on behalf of their employees.

Members can claim tax deductions for personal superannuation contributions up to the concessional contributions cap until age 75 (subject to meeting the work test if you are aged 67 or over, unless the work test exemption applies). Refer to the ATO website for more information about eligibility criteria including the work text and work test exemption.

Additional contributions tax

Generally, a tax rate of up to 15% tax applies to concessional contributions. However, tax of 30% will apply instead to concessional contributions (within the concessional contributions cap) if your income (including concessional contributions) is greater than \$250,000. If your income excluding concessional contributions is less than the \$250,000 threshold, but including the concessional contributions pushes you over the threshold, only that part of the contributions in excess of the threshold will be subject to tax at 30%. The ATO will issue an assessment to the member for the extra tax payable on the contributions. The member can elect to release the amount from their superannuation or pay the tax from other sources.

Concessional contributions that exceed your concessional contribution cap (see 'Contribution limits' in the 'Accumulation accounts' section for details) will be included in your assessable income and taxed at your marginal tax rate (plus Medicare levy), with a 15% tax offset to account for the contributions tax already paid by their super fund. You have the option to withdraw from your member account an amount equal to 85% of the excess concessional contribution. Any excess concessional contributions withdrawn do not count towards your non-concessional contribution cap. If you exceed your concessional contributions cap, the ATO will write to you about your options.

Non-concessional contributions

Any non-concessional contributions that exceed your non-concessional contribution cap (see 'Contribution limits' in the 'Accumulation accounts' section for details) are taxable at the top marginal tax rate (plus Medicare levy) and you must withdraw from your Fund an amount equal to your liability to pay the excess contributions tax. To limit excessive contributions taxes, an individual non-concessional contribution generally will only be accepted if it is within the relevant limit. However, you are responsible for monitoring your total non-concessional contributions against the relevant limit.

You have the option of withdrawing superannuation contributions in excess of the non-concessional contributions cap and any associated earnings. The earnings will be taxed at your marginal tax rate. If you exceed your concessional contributions cap, the ATO will write to you about your options.

Spouse contributions

A person can claim a tax offset of up to \$540 per annum for superannuation contributions made on behalf of their low income or non-working eligible spouse earning up to \$37,000 during the year. The tax offset is calculated as 18% of contributions up to a maximum contribution of \$3,000.

You can obtain further information from www.ato.gov.au.

Tax on lump sum benefit payments

Tax may be payable when you make a lump sum withdrawal from the Fund. Tax applicable to the components of superannuation benefit payments is shown in the 'Tax on lump sum benefit payments' table below. Different rates may apply to temporary residents permanently departing Australia (see 'Tax on departing Australia superannuation payments (DASP)' for details) or to residents who have not provided a TFN.

Pension accounts

Your Fund

Tax on investments

Generally, no tax is applied on superannuation amounts rolled over into your Fund, unless they have come from an untaxed source and contain a taxable component (eg some Government superannuation schemes). In this case, we are required to deduct income tax of generally 15% on the taxable component amount.

Tax on investment earnings

General

Investment earnings including realised net capital gains derived within a full pension account of your Fund are generally not subject to tax, unless you have a TTR pension.

Tax offsets

To the extent that tax offsets are available for Funds that have both accumulation and pension accounts, we will apply the offsets to the accumulation account where possible. We'll ensure such offsets are utilised in a reasonable and equitable manner.

TTR pensions

The earnings on assets supporting TTR pensions within your Fund will be taxed at the maximum rate of 15%, which is the same as the concessional tax rate applying to fund earnings on superannuation accounts.

Members

Tax on pension benefit payments

Tax instalments may be payable in respect of pension payments made to you through the PAYG (Pay-As-You-Go) system.

Tax applicable to the components of pension benefit payments is shown in the 'Tax on pension benefit payments' table below. Different rates may apply to members who have not provided a TFN.

Tax on lump sum benefit payments

The following 'Tax on lump sum benefit payments' table summarises the tax payable on superannuation lump sum benefit payments, which include retirement phase pension commutations.

Tax on lump sum benefit payments

Component	Age benefit received	Tax treatment
Tax-free ¹	Any age	Tax-free
Taxable ²	Before reaching age 60	Taxed at 20% ³
	On or after reaching age 60	Tax-free

Tax on pension benefit payments

Component	Age benefit received	Tax treatment
Tax-free ¹	Any age	Tax-free
Taxable ²	Before reaching age 60	Taxable at marginal tax rate ³
	On or after reaching age 60	Tax-free

- Includes non-concessional contributions and Government co-contributions from 1 July 2007 (plus the former undeducted contributions, pre-July 1983 (amount fixed as at 30 June 2007), post-June 1994 invalidity, CGT exempt and concessional components).
- 2 Includes concessional contributions from 1 July 2007 (plus the former post-June 1983 (taxed) and excessive components).
- 3 Plus Medicare levy.

General

Tax on departing Australia superannuation payments (DASP)

The tax payable on a DASP (see the 'Conditions of release for superannuation benefits' table in the 'Accumulation accounts' section for further information) is:

- 35% for a taxed element of a taxable component
- 45% for an untaxed element of a taxable component.

Higher tax applies to working holiday maker visa holders.

Tax on death benefits

Payment rules and the tax consequences depend on whether the death benefit is paid to a dependant or non-dependant (as defined for tax purposes). A death benefit dependant for tax purposes is a:

- current or former spouse¹
- child¹ under age 18
- person who was financially dependent on you at the time of your death or
- person who you have an 'interdependency relationship'¹ with.
- 1 See 'Dependants' under 'Death benefits' in the 'Estate planning' section for definitions of dependants under superannuation law

Death benefits paid to dependants

Lump sum death benefit payments are tax-free if paid to a dependant.

A death benefit paid as a pension will be tax-free if either the deceased or the beneficiary is aged 60 or over. If both are under age 60 at the time of death, the pension (less any tax-free amount) will continue to be taxed at the beneficiary's marginal tax rate (plus Medicare levy) less 15% pension tax offset until the beneficiary turns age 60, when it becomes tax-free.

If the death benefit is paid as a pension to a dependent child, the balance must be paid as a (tax-free) lump sum when the child turns 25 (unless permanently disabled).

Death benefits paid to non-dependants

Death benefit payments to non-dependants for tax purposes (eg an adult child) must be paid as a lump sum benefit. The taxable component of a death benefit paid to a non-dependant will normally be taxed at 15% (plus Medicare levy).

Where a death benefit contains an insurance amount, it may include an untaxed element. The untaxed component of a death benefit paid to a non-dependant will normally be taxed at 30% (plus Medicare levy).

Death benefits paid to your legal personal representative

If the death benefit is paid to your legal personal representative for distribution through your estate, any tax payable will depend on how the death benefit is ultimately distributed between your dependants and any non-dependants.

Tax on disability super benefits

A tax offset of 15% is generally available on disability super benefits paid as a pension to members under age 60.

Tax on terminal illness benefits

Generally no tax is payable on benefits that are paid to you under the 'terminal medical condition' condition of release (see the 'Conditions of release for superannuation benefits' table in the 'Accumulation accounts' section for details).

Tax on salary continuance benefits

PAYG tax will be deducted on any salary continuance benefits that are paid to you.

Tax file number (TFN)

You should provide your TFN when joining the Fund.

Under the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993, we are authorised to collect, use and disclose your TFN

We will disclose your TFN to another superannuation provider, when your benefits are being transferred, unless you request us, in writing, that your TFN not be disclosed to any other superannuation provider.

Declining to quote your TFN is not an offence. However, providing your TFN will have the following advantages:

- we can accept all permitted types of contributions to your account
- other than the tax that may ordinarily apply, you will not pay more tax than you need to – this affects both contributions to your superannuation and benefit payments when you start drawing down your superannuation benefits
- it will make it much easier to find different superannuation accounts in your name so that you receive all your superannuation benefits when you retire.

We will use your TFN and personal details to verify our records with the ATO. We will update or correct your TFN if instructed by the ATO. We will contact you if the ATO has advised of other changes to your personal details.

Tax on winding up your Fund

Winding up or terminating your Fund involves disposing of all of the assets, either by sale or in specie transfer, and calculating a final member benefit from your Fund. This is then paid to the member (where eligible) or rolled over to another regulated superannuation fund if requested or where the benefit is preserved.

In most cases, this means that all of the unrealised capital gains and losses in your Fund will be realised and become taxable (together with all other income) in the final tax return of your Fund. However, income and capital gains associated with assets supporting a current pension liability are tax exempt where the pension is still in place at the time of any disposals of assets. Importantly, the in-specie transfer of assets forming part of either a lump-sum benefit payment to the member or rollover to a new fund is regarded for CGT purposes as the cessation of a pension and a disposal of the transferred assets at the prevailing market value at the time, with a resulting potential tax liability. Note also that upon termination of your Fund all unused realised capital and/or income losses within the Fund (if any) are lost.

Goods and services tax (GST)

The GST disclosures contained in this PDS are of a general nature only.

GST generally applies to the fees, costs and expenses payable by your Fund, including administration fees and other fees payable to us.

Not all superannuation funds are required to be registered for GST and registration will depend on your Fund's investments and the nature of the income received. For example, if your Fund has an investment in commercial property and derives commercial rental income, it is likely a GST registration would be required. Alternatively, if your Fund invests solely in listed shares and derives dividend income instead, no registration for GST is necessary. Where required, we will register your Fund for GST and calculate and remit any GST payable to the ATO on behalf of the Fund. We'll also include in the Fund's Business Activity Statement the relevant GST details relating to all taxable supplies and creditable acquisitions made by the Fund according to the 'A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999'.

Superannuation funds that are registered, or required to be registered, for GST generally can't claim a credit for the GST paid, but may be entitled to claim a reduced input tax credit (RITC), which represents a portion of the GST applicable to trustee and Fund administration fees and certain other expenses. Depending on the size of these claims we will assess the most suitable reclaim frequency.

The investment, custody and administration fees specified in the 'Fees and costs summary' table in the 'Schedule of Fees and Costs' show the approximate net amount payable on the basis that we are entitled to claim a full refund of RITCs for the associated GST amount. As the investment, custody and administration fees charged to your Fund have already been reduced by the RITC refund amount, Funds using the Service are not entitled to claim RITCs for any GST associated with these costs.

Estate planning

On your death, your superannuation benefits in your Fund may be treated differently to other assets you own. The Trustee is required to pay your benefits as soon as practicable after your death either directly to one or more of your dependants or to your estate.

In the event of your death:

- we will continue to deduct applicable administration fees and costs until the payment of your superannuation benefit is authorised by the Trustee and your account is closed
- your investments will continue to be invested in accordance with the most recently selected investment strategy until we receive other instructions from a properly authorised person.

Upon notification of your death we will cease to deduct advice fees from your account.

Death benefits can be paid as a lump sum, pension or combination. However, only certain beneficiaries who have been nominated by you are eligible to receive your death benefits as a pension.

Death benefits

The rules attached to our standard Small APRA Fund trust deed for the Service provide for the payment of a lump sum or pension benefit (see below for conditions that apply) in the event of your death and allow you to either:

- give a direction (binding nomination) to the Trustee regarding the distribution of your death benefit or
- nominate your preferred beneficiaries (non-binding nomination) but ultimately leave it to the discretion of the Trustee to decide how your death benefit is to be distributed amongst your beneficiaries and/or legal personal representatives.

There are different tax consequences for different beneficiaries. We recommend that you consult your financial and/or tax adviser before making any nomination.

If you don't make any nomination, the Trustee will use its discretion for the payment of your death benefit.

Binding nominations

A binding nomination binds the Trustee to make payment of your death benefit according to your instructions, provided your nomination is valid under the law and the rules in the trust deed. A binding nomination cannot be made in respect of a pension benefit where a reversionary pensioner has been accepted by the Trustee. You should read the binding death benefit nomination rules in the trust deed. We recommend that you obtain professional financial and/or tax advice when determining your estate planning structure.

Where we have accepted your nomination, we will pay your benefit to the person(s) you have nominated as long as:

- the person(s) you have nominated are your dependants at the time of death and
- your nomination has been made in writing and is signed by you in the presence of two witnesses who are over 18 years of age and not named as beneficiaries in your nomination.

If your nomination provides for payment to one or more dependants and at the time of payment:

- that nomination is still valid, the Trustee will pay your benefit in accordance with that valid nomination
- that nomination, or a part of it, is no longer valid, we will pay the non-valid portion of your death benefit to the remaining eligible nominated beneficiaries in equal shares
- there are no eligible nominated beneficiaries, we will pay to your dependant(s) or your legal personal representative (your estate), at our discretion.

To make a binding nomination, you must complete the 'Nomination of beneficiary' form provided with this document and attach it to your application form.

A binding death benefit nomination must be confirmed every three years to remain effective and loses effect with certain events (eg marriage, remarriage or divorce).

Non-binding nominations

To make a non-binding nomination, you should complete the 'Nomination of beneficiary' form provided with your application form.

This information provides the Trustee with an indication of your wishes and will assist us in exercising our discretion. However, it does not necessarily mean that the benefit will be distributed in this manner.

Dependants

For the purpose of paying a death benefit under superannuation law, a dependant is a:

- spouse
- child
- person who was financially dependent on you at the time of your death
- person who you have an 'interdependency relationship' with.

A member's 'spouse' includes:

- another person (whether of the same sex or a different sex) with whom a member is in a relationship that is registered under relevant law and
- another person who, although not legally married to the member, lives with the member on a genuine domestic basis in a relationship as a couple.

A member's 'child' includes:

- · an adopted child, stepchild or ex-nuptial child
- a child of the member's spouse
- someone who is a child of the member under family law

Two people have an 'interdependency relationship' if:

- 1. they have a close personal relationship and
- 2. they live together and
- 3. one or each of them provides the other with financial support and
- 4. one or each of them provides the other with domestic support and personal care.

If a close personal relationship exists but the other requirements for interdependency aren't satisfied because of a physical, intellectual or psychiatric disability, then there is also an interdependency relationship.

Payment of death benefits as a pension

Death benefits can be paid as a pension to:

- a dependant if the member dies before commencing a pension, to be taxed in the same manner as a reversionary pension (see the 'Tax on pension benefit payments' table in the 'Tax' section for details of tax payable on pension benefits) or
- a dependent child (defined as being less than age 18, between ages 18 to 25 and financially dependent on you, or permanently disabled), although the balance must be paid as a (tax-free) lump sum when the child turns 25 (unless permanently disabled).

Non-dependants are not entitled to receive a death benefit as a pension.

Further information relating to payment of death benefits as a pension can be found within 'Death benefits' in the 'Pension accounts' section.

Superannuation and family law

The law allows for superannuation benefits to be split between you and your spouse (including a de facto spouse of the same or different sex) in the case of legal separation or divorce. Under the law, we may be required to:

- provide certain information about your superannuation interest to eligible persons upon request without notifying you of the request and/or
- 'flag' (accumulation accounts only) and/or split your superannuation interest according to a superannuation agreement or Family Court order.

Although our standard Small APRA Fund trust deed allows us to charge fees for related transactions, we currently don't intend to do so and will notify you before any change.

The legal requirements for splitting your superannuation benefit in these circumstances are complex and effecting a split of your superannuation interest may have significant financial and tax consequences for you. We therefore recommend that you seek professional legal, tax and financial advice on how these provisions may affect you.

Further information

Authorising a third party to access your account

You can authorise a third party to access your account. Please consider carefully who you appoint with authority on your account, and their level of authority, as we may follow their instructions as if they were from you. It's important that you understand this risk and the level of access you give any other person.

Keeping your online details secure

At all times you should keep your account and Client Portal login details secure. You should not disclose these details to anyone else. If you lose or suspect your account or Client Portal login details have been compromised or used by a third party, you should call us immediately. Failure to do so may result in a third party having unauthorised access to your account, including your personal details. Unauthorised access could result in a loss of your benefits due to fraud or other activity that has not been authorised by you. You and your adviser must take all reasonable steps to protect the security of your respective computer hardware and software and mobile devices that you use to access your account. It is very important that you inform us as soon as security has been compromised.

Authenticator app

We may require you or your adviser to use Macquarie Authenticator for certain activities on your account, including when giving us instructions. Macquarie Authenticator is a mobile app which provides an extra layer of security that helps protect your account and personal information. The app sends actionable push notifications for you to approve or deny online transactions and account changes or generate a unique one-time rolling code as an alternative authentication method

Cooling-off period

You have up to 14 days from the earlier of the time when you receive confirmation of the issue of your new interest in the Fund (or you are an existing Fund member that commences a pension) or the fifth business day after the issue of your interest where you can have your investment repaid ('cooling-off period').

The amount repaid will be adjusted for any transaction costs and any increase or decrease in the value of your investment.

Your right to be repaid during the cooling-off period does not apply if you exercise any of your rights as a member of the Fund or if you transfer an existing SMSF or SAF to us.

Any amounts that are 'preserved' or 'restricted non-preserved' (including in pensions taken out under the 'transition to retirement' provisions) can't be refunded to you if you exercise your cooling-off rights unless you satisfy a 'condition of release' under superannuation law. You'll need to nominate another superannuation fund, retirement savings account or approved deposit fund to

transfer the funds into. If you don't, we'll transfer the amount to the ATO.

If you'd like to have any 'unrestricted non-preserved' amount repaid, write to us stating that you want to be repaid during the cooling-off period (include your account number). Your request must reach our Sydney office before the end of the cooling-off period.

When we receive your request, we will send you the details about your repayment.

Differences between investing through the Service and investing in other ways

Acquiring interests in underlying investments through the Service is not identical to holding these investments in your own right or as trustee of an SMSF. For example, the following differences apply:

- the custodian will be the legal owner of the assets held by your Fund through the Service (on behalf of us as the beneficial owner) rather than you (personally if you invested directly or as a trustee if you invested through an SMSF)
- The registered unit holder for managed investments you have selected for your Fund via the Service will be the custodian as our agent for your Fund. As such, the custodian may exercise the rights of a unit holder or decline to exercise them in accordance with the arrangements specified in this PDS.
- cooling-off rights, which are usually available to direct retail investors in financial products, will not apply to investments made via the Service (Note: This is different to your investment into the Service itself as described above). This means that any requests for a refund otherwise available to direct retail investors within the product issuer's cooling-off period will instead be treated as a normal withdrawal request, which may incur product issuer fees
- for term deposits acquired via the Service, your Fund's investment generally will be pooled with other investors that wish to invest for the same term as your Fund. As a result, some of the features and functions that may be described in the term deposit offer documents may not be available to your Fund
- for Australian listed securities traded via the Service, the custodian will:
 - instruct CHESS¹ to settle your transactions in line with market practice
 - control your Fund's holdings on CHESS¹ in line with the exchanges' business rules
- international shares held in your Fund via the Service will be held in custody for your Fund by the custodian or its sub-custodian, who will settle your Fund's transactions in line with market practice
- domestic fixed income securities acquired via the Service will be held in custody for your Fund by the custodian or its delegate(s), who will settle your Fund's transactions in line with market practice. Your Fund

will be required to meet the minimum parcel and trading requirements of the issuer or approved fixed income broker

- certain rights and obligations available to, or owing by, the legal owner of an asset are exercisable by the custodian, rather than by you. For example, there may be differences in relation to:
 - your Fund's withdrawal rights (refer 'Your Fund's withdrawal rights' in this section for further information)
 - transaction processing and unit pricing may differ.
- when your Fund makes an initial or additional investment in an underlying investment available through the Service, there is a risk that you have not considered the most recent product disclosure statement and other disclosure documents for the underlying investment, or that you have not been made aware of recent material changes or significant events affecting that investment. You or your adviser should ensure that the latest disclosure documents are consulted when making investment decisions.
- your Fund can access managed investments with wholesale fees, where available, via the Service, which can be significantly cheaper than the fees you or a trustee of an SMSF may pay
- interest earned on any pooled operating accounts used by the custodian will (if permitted by law) be retained by the custodian and will not be payable to you
- as the custodian is the registered owner of your Fund's assets held in custody via the Service, you are unable to participate in regular or ad hoc meetings (such as annual general meetings for listed companies) nor do you have any voting rights (refer 'Voting policy' in this section for further information)
- any complaints you have in relation to your Fund (including available investments), must be made to the Trustee (not the issuer of the investment) and may be escalated to an external complaints body, however these arrangements don't apply to an SMSF.
- 1 CHESS is a system that records the ownership of shares and other listed securities in electronic form (rather than on paper). The custodian holds these securities in custody, in an individual investor account, on your Fund's behalf. As your Fund is not the registered holder, you do not have voting rights, nor is a proxy voting service provided. We generally do not vote or seek your instructions in relation to voting. However, at our discretion, we will vote as per your instructions if received.

Your Fund's withdrawal rights

The custodian holds all relevant withdrawal rights on our behalf, which may differ depending on whether the investment is made by the custodian as a wholesale investor (usually the case) or retail investor. Withdrawal rights for an investment may not be available to the custodian if the product issuer's relevant PDS or disclosure document becomes defective before the issue of the investment.

As investments in financial products by your Fund are being made on our behalf, the product issuer is not required to return the investment to your Fund or provide your Fund with other options such as notifications of an option to withdraw if the investment is or becomes 'illiquid'. Withdrawal rights may also be affected where redemptions are offered on a scaled-back basis. As your

Fund's investments may be pooled with the investments of other investors via a superannuation fund, the amount your Fund could be entitled to also may be distributed pro rata with those other investors, resulting in an amount less than would be the case if the investment was held individually.

Voting policy

The custodian receives notices of meetings or resolutions that relate to your Fund's investments. The custodian does not proactively make this information available to you or your adviser.

The custodian maintains a voting policy under which they do not offer you voting rights (aside from voting under any corporate actions relating to securities in which your Fund has invested—see 'Corporate actions' in this section for further information) except under the following limited circumstances where they may:

- allow client instructions to be made via proxy in writing
- · actively solicit client voting instructions.

These circumstances include:

- fulfilling their obligations under applicable law
- where the investors are 'key management personnel' as defined by the Corporations Act
- investors who hold a material interest in the investment that could reasonably be expected to impact the outcome of a resolution.

Where such matters are brought to our attention:

- we will endeavour to provide you, via your adviser, with the material that would have been sent to you if you were investing directly (rather than via the Service)
- we will not permit you to act as a corporate representative on behalf of the custodian – instead we will accept your written voting instructions so that we can endeavour to lodge these via proxy
- we may require confirmation in writing from the relevant company secretary or other representative to confirm your eligibility to participate in some or all of the resolutions. Where this confirmation is sought, we will not pass on your instructions until this has been provided
- neither we nor our administrator or custodian accept any liability for acting on your instructions (including where such an instruction may contravene the law or any regulation)
- any instruction to vote must be received at least three business days prior to the registry cut-off time
- a standing instruction for future resolutions cannot be provided – we must receive direction for each voting opportunity as it arises
- the custodian generally does not vote on company or scheme resolutions and other corporate actions.

A copy of the voting policy is available free of charge on request.

Communications

Reports and statements

Your quarterly and annual statements will be made available via Client Portal after the end of quarter and the end of the financial year.

During the course of a year we'll also provide you with a copy of your Fund's annual financial statements, which can also be provided to your financial adviser.

Depending on the circumstances of your Fund, we also send you various types of communications during the year such as an annual pension details notice or a request for information as to whether you are claiming a tax deduction for your personal contributions to your Fund.

Client Portal online access

You will be registered for online access to a Client Portal when your SAF is established. You can keep up to date by using Client Portal to check your Fund details online.

Through the Client Portal you can access a range of account information and reporting to keep you informed about your account, including your:

- · portfolio valuation(s)
- · transaction history, and
- quarterly and annual statement.

You are also able to group other Perpetual Private Wrap accounts for reporting to generate group portfolio valuation and asset allocation reports.

You should check the entries on each online report and statement carefully and promptly notify us of any error or unauthorised transaction. If you have any queries, please contact us or your adviser.

Client Portal conditions of use

Use of the Client Portal is subject to the conditions of use (which are publicly available from the website or can be obtained free of charge by contacting us) and you must change the temporary password we've provided to a password of your choice when you first log in to Client Portal.

Corporate actions

We refer to corporate actions as actions taken by, in respect of or against a security in which you have invested. These may affect the capital structure of the security, or the number or type of securities held on your behalf. These types of actions can be mandatory, such as share reconstructions, or voluntary, such as entitlement offers and share purchase plans.

We process corporate actions in relation to investments held in your Fund according to your instructions (where applicable), including:

- initial public offerings (floats)
- · takeovers
- buy-backs
- · share purchase plans
- · rights (renounceable and non-renounceable)
- call payments
- · compulsory acquisitions
- · share splits.

In some circumstances we will ask you to make a decision regarding your preferred course of action for a corporate action, but in others we, as your Fund's Trustee seeking to act in your best interests and in accordance with our other duties, may make a decision in relation to the corporate action.

If you have online access and you have provided an email address, you can receive notifications of corporate actions by email. You can then make your election online.

If you do not have online access or do not wish to participate in online corporate actions, your adviser or account manager will provide separate notification. You will need to provide an 'Authority to proceed' to enable your adviser to implement your instruction.

We may refuse to act on your instructions if to do so would result in your Fund acquiring an unacceptable investment (see 'Investment types which we won't accept' in the 'Investments' section for further information), is inconsistent with our other trustee duties (for example, if your Fund is not permitted to hold such an asset), or if it would be contrary to superannuation law.

Where it is available, we will endeavour to provide relevant information to your adviser about corporate actions impacting your Fund either directly or (at our discretion) through the corporate actions calendar, viewable by your adviser at www.perpetual.com.au/saf. Your adviser must use the corporate actions calendar to check for any corporate action information that may be relevant to your Fund or require your action.

When a corporate action occurs and we ask you for instructions, we must be given those instructions at least three business days prior to the published closing date of the action (the cut-off date), unless we specify otherwise. If you are required to make an additional payment to participate in a corporate action, there must be sufficient available cash in your Fund's Perpetual Cash Account as at 9.00am Sydney time on the nominated cut-off date for your instruction to be accepted as authorised. Where notice is received after the applicable cut-off date, or you have insufficient funds available, you may not be able to participate in the corporate action, and we are not liable to you for any potential loss of opportunity arising in those circumstances.

Generally you will not be able to vote at shareholder meetings or participate in bonus share plans (offered on some securities, enabling security holders to elect to receive fully paid bonus shares instead of cash dividends) on investments held in your Fund.

The Trustee or custodian on the Trustee's behalf may exercise rights in accordance with applicable voting policies, and will do so if required by law.

Class actions

The Trustee will make a decision whether to participate in any class actions relating to any holding you may have in the Fund. In making the decision the Trustee will consider whether the participation is in the best financial interest of members. If you have closed your account prior to the announcement of a class action that relates to assets you held in your account, then you will not be eligible to participate. To the extent permitted by law we are not liable for any loss, including loss of opportunity, arising out of these circumstances.

Other information available on request

There is a range of other important information concerning the Service that is available including:

- · sample trust deed and rules
- administration policies and procedures guide
- · investment policy.

You can contact us to request this information, or obtain it via your adviser.

Winding up your Fund

Your Fund will wind up (terminate) in a number of circumstances as governed by the trust deed. Generally however a Fund will terminate if:

- all members request us in writing to wind up the Fund or
- the Trustee transfers all Fund members' benefits to any other complying superannuation fund or
- we are removed or we retire as trustee, and a replacement trustee is not appointed within 30 days.

Upon receipt of a request to wind up your Fund we'll require notice of how the members' balances are to be treated (that is, rolled over or paid to the member). If a condition of release has not been met, the member's balance must be rolled over to another complying superannuation fund. In some circumstances we may seek confirmation as to the receiving fund's complying status. In addition, as your Fund is required to lodge all regulatory returns for the year in which it is wound up, money will be withheld to meet any expenses or taxes that we anticipate will be incurred.

Where your Fund is paying a term allocated pension* the law does not generally allow the pension to be commuted and a lump sum paid to the member except during a 5 year grace period (that commenced on 7 December 2024 as a result of recent legislative changes). While (apart from the grace period) we can only roll over the commuted pension to another complying fund (of your choice), in order to commence a new complying pension or complying annuity (of your choice), you may be able to commute the term allocated pension to receive a lump sum or acquire an account based pension from another superannuation fund. As these legislative changes are complex, we recommend that you obtain appropriate professional financial and/or tax advice before making any decisions in relation to a term allocated pension.

Where the benefits have been paid out or rolled over from the Fund, we may require the members to indemnify us for any further expenses in relation to the wind up of the Fund.

The wind up process generally takes a minimum of six to eight weeks or longer, depending on how quickly the assets of the Fund can be realised. During this time, the Service's fees, costs and other charges will continue to apply.

We will be unable to wind up the Fund until all of the Fund's assets have been liquidated or transferred. If some of the Fund's assets cannot be realised (eg term deposits that have not matured, delisted assets or suspended managed investments), your Fund will need to be maintained. We will cease charging our fees from the time this has been established to be the case, however during this time the Fund may still be subject to other

government charges and audit fees.

*While term allocated pensions are no longer available, it is possible that a new SAF established from an existing SMSF or SAF provides such a pension.

Retirement, removal and replacement of the Trustee

We must retire as trustee of your Fund if:

- we receive a written notice requesting our retirement in accordance with the standard SAF rules
- · the law requires us to do so.

We also reserve the right to retire as trustee of your Fund at any time by providing 30 days written notice to each member of the Fund, in which case we will use reasonable endeavours to appoint a replacement trustee.

Where we retire as trustee of your Fund, we usually draft the deed to effect our retirement and the appointment of the new trustee. When compliance and administration matters have been finalised, assets and cash will then be transferred to the new trustee.

A full record of all transactions for the current year will be provided, as will all relevant statutory documents. This process generally takes a minimum of six to eight weeks, during which time the Service's fees, costs and other charges will continue to apply.

Interest earned on bank accounts

Contributions and proceeds of withdrawal requests (including pension payments) may be held in trust accounts prior to being processed. Expenses and taxes withheld during the winding up of a Fund are also held in an operations account. The accounts are non-interest bearing however in the event this changes, any interest may be paid to PTCo or a related entity of PTCo for their services and will not be retained by the Trustee or paid to your Fund.

Trustee indemnity

The Trustee (including its directors and employees) is entitled to be indemnified from the assets of your Fund for any loss or expenditure incurred in relation to your Fund, unless the law otherwise specifies including if the liability results from the Trustee's dishonesty or its intentional or reckless failure to exercise the degree of care and diligence required of it or a regulatory penalty.

Relationship between the Trustee and some service providers to your Fund

The Trustee has appointed PTCo to perform custodial and other services for your Fund (as outlined at the beginning of this PDS). The fee for these services (excluding additional sub-custody costs for international shares) is paid out of the fees and costs disclosed in the 'Schedule of Fees and Costs'.

It is also possible that you may choose investments or procure services that PTCo or their related bodies corporate may provide. A fee may be charged by PTCo or their related body corporate for such services. You should refer to the disclosure document for your chosen investment or consult your adviser for details of applicable fees and costs.

As Trustee of your Fund, we undertake that we will not deal with service providers to your Fund who are associates of ours more favourably than it would deal with other independent service providers.

Inquiries and complaints

We're committed to providing you with the highest level of service and have established procedures for dealing with any inquiries and complaints.

Inquiries

If you have an inquiry, you can either contact your adviser, phone our contact centre on 1800 645 227 during business hours, email us at diysuper@perpetual.com.au or write to:

Client Services Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service GPO Box 5106, Sydney NSW 2001

Complaints

If you have a complaint about Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service or a Trustee decision that affects you, you should take one of the following steps:

- 1. Contact one of our contact centre representatives on 1800 645 227 and tell them about your complaint.
- Email your complaint to MyComplaint@perpetual.com.au.
- Complete an online complaints submission form available at www.perpetual.com.au/privacy-policy/ making-a-complaint.
- Put your complaint in writing and mail it to: Client Services – Complaints Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service GPO Box 5106, Sydney NSW 2001

If you need additional assistance to lodge a complaint, we can support you. Please contact us to discuss how we may be able to assist you.

An acknowledgement will be issued to you at the time of receipt of your complaint, either by phone, email or post.

We will investigate and endeavour to respond to all aspects of the matters raised in your complaint fairly and as quickly as we can and by no later than the maximum response timeframe of 45 days (unless the complaint is about the proposed distribution of a superannuation death benefit, where we will respond by no later than 90 days after the end of the 28 day statutory period available to potential beneficiaries to raise their objections about a proposed superannuation death benefit distribution). We will do our best to resolve your complaint as soon as possible. However, if we are unable to provide you with a response within the required timeframe, we will provide you with progress updates including reasons for the delay.

If you make a complaint and we resolve it within 5 business days from receipt to your satisfaction we are not required to send you a formal complaint response, unless you request one; or your complaint relates to hardship, or for any decision of the Trustee (or failure by the Trustee to make a decision) relating to a complaint.

If, at any time you are not satisfied with our response to your complaint, any aspect of our complaints handling process or if you have not received a response within the maximum response timeframe, the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA) might be able to assist you.

You may also lodge a complaint with the AFCA at any time, although AFCA will not normally deal with a complaint until it has been through the Trustee's internal complaints handling process. Time limits may apply to complain to AFCA and so you should act promptly or otherwise consult the AFCA website to find out if or when the time limit relevant to your circumstances expires. Other limits may also apply.

If your complaint relates to services provided to you by your financial adviser, please refer to the financial adviser's financial services guide for information about their complaints handling process. We also suggest you contact your financial adviser.

Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA)

We are members of the AFCA external dispute resolution scheme.

AFCA has been established by the Commonwealth Government to provide consumers and small businesses with a free and independent dispute resolution service for complaints about financial firms.

Time limits may apply to complain to AFCA and so you should act promptly or otherwise consult the AFCA website to find out if or when the time limit relevant to your circumstances expires. Other limits may also apply.

You can lodge a complaint with AFCA by:

- using their online portal available at www.afca.org.au/ make-a-complaint
- 2. email addressed to info@afca.org.au
- 3. calling 1800 931 678 (free call)
- 4. mail addressed to:

Australian Financial Complaints Authority GPO Box 3 Melbourne VIC 3001

Your privacy

We collect personal information from you in the application and any other relevant forms to be able to establish and support the ongoing administration of your Fund, advise you of new developments relevant to your Fund and comply with relevant laws. If you do not provide us with your personal information, we won't be able to provide the Service to you. In providing the services, we disclose your personal information to PTCo and their related entities or other appointed service providers that perform a range of services on our behalf and which may be located overseas.

Privacy laws apply to our handling of personal information and we will collect, use and disclose your personal information in accordance with our privacy policy, which includes details about the following matters:

- the kinds of personal information we collect and hold
- · how we collect and hold personal information
- the purposes for which we collect, hold, use and disclose personal information
- the types of entities we usually disclose personal information to and the countries where they are likely to be located if it is practicable for us to specify those countries

- how you may access personal information that we hold about you and seek correction of such information (note that exceptions apply in some circumstances)
- how you may complain about a breach of the Australian Privacy Principles (APP), or a registered APP code (if any) that binds us, and how we will deal with such a complaint.

We may disclose your personal information to external parties that provide services to us in relation to your Fund (for example, external administrators, stockbrokers, investment managers, auditors and tax agents, banks and deposit taking institutions, life insurance companies, friendly societies, regulatory authorities, real estate agents, medical practitioners and providers of printing or postal services). We also disclose information about your investments to your authorised adviser. Otherwise we won't disclose your personal information to any other external parties unless requested by you or required by law.

The Trustee's privacy statement and PTCo's privacy policy are publicly available at www.eqt.com.au or www.perpetual.com.au respectively, or you can obtain a copy without extra charge by contacting us.

Bankruptcy

If you are declared bankrupt, we may be required to pay contributions to an administrator in bankruptcy (for the benefit of your creditors).

Investments and social security

Your investment in the Fund may affect your social security or pension entitlements. The calculations are complex so we recommend that you seek advice from your financial or tax adviser, or use the Financial Information Service provided by Services Australia.

Incorporation by reference

The law allows us to provide certain information to you separately to the PDS, which is taken to be incorporated into the PDS, provided the PDS sufficiently identifies this additional information and how you can access it.

The following incorporated information forms part of this PDS:

- Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service Investment Menu
- Trustee diversification limits (see 'Diversification limits' in the 'Investments' section for further information)
- Defined Fees for superannuation products.

This information is publicly available at www.perpetual.com.au/saf or can be obtained without extra charge by contacting us or your financial adviser.

You should also obtain and read the incorporated information.

Application form

Please complete all pages of this form in black ink using BLOCK letters. Mark appropriate boxes with a cross like the following X. Start at the left of each answer space and leave a gap between words.

Please ensure this form is fully completed and all required documentation is provided to either your financial adviser or us, so we can process your application.

1. Fund details

Proposed fund name						
Is this an existing fund?	No	Yes	Fund establishment date	/	/	

2. Member details

Member 1 details

The individual whose details appear here will be the **primary contact** for your Fund.

title	Mr	Mrs	Miss	Ms	Other		
first name(s)	Ш						
last name							
date of birth	/	/		gende	r male	female	Э
occupation							
Residential address (manda Your residential address canno		O box or c/o an	other party.				
unit number		street i	number				
street name							
suburb (if relevant) OR city	Ш						
state		po	stcode				
country							

Mailing address (if different from your residential address)						
This address will receive all co- will be sent to the residential ad	respondence in relation to your portfolio except statements. If this section is not completed, all madress of member 1.	ıil				
unit number	street number PO box					
street name		Ш				
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state	postcode					
country		Ш				
Contact details						
phone (business hours)	phone (after hours)					
mobile						
email address	email address is required for corporate action election notifications (see below).	Ш				
Are you an Australian reside						
yes	tax file number (TFN)					
no	Please specify your country					
Online access We will provide you with secure access?	online access (Client Portal) for a Perpetual Private Wrap Account. Do you have existing Client Po	ortal				
no	(a new access code will be provided to you)					
yes	existing access code					
•	notifications of forthcoming corporate actions? will be provided as agreed with your adviser.					
no	yes (notifications will be sent to the email address of the primary contact for your Fu	und)				
Proof of identity	I have attached a completed 'Customer identification form – Individuals and sole traders' which available from www.perpetual.com.au.	is				

Member 2 details

title	Mr	Mrs	Miss	Ms	Other	
first name(s)						
last name	\top					
date of birth	/	/		gender	male	female
	+++			gender	male	lemale
occupation Residential address (mandate	tory)					
Your residential address canno						
unit number		street numb	er			
street name						
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcod	е			
country						
Mailing address (if different	from your re	sidential addre	ss)			
unit number		street numb	er	PO box	ЩЩ	
street name			Ш			
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcod	е			
country	\top					
Contact details						
phone (business hours)				phone (after hours)		
mobile						
email address						
Are you an Australian reside	ent for tax pu	irposes?				
yes			TFN	ш		
no	Please	specify your cou	untry			
Online access We will provide you with secur access?	re online acce	ess (Client Portal) for a Perpetu	ual Private Wrap A	.ccount. Do you h	nave existing Client Portal
no	(a new ad	ccess code will b	e provided to	you)		
yes		existing access of	code			
Proof of identity		ached a comple from www.perpe		identification form	n – Individuals ar	nd sole traders' which is

Member 3 details

title	Mr	Mrs	Miss	Ms	Other	
first name(s)	$\top \top \top$					
last name						
date of birth				gender	male	female
occupation						
Residential address (mandat Your residential address canno		c or c/o another pa	arty.			
unit number		street number				
street name	\top		TTTT			
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcode				
country						
Mailing address (if different	from your res	sidential address	s)			
unit number		street number		PO box		
street name						
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcode				
country	$\top \top \top$					
Contact details						
phone (business hours)				phone (after hours		
mobile				`	,	
email address						
Are you an Australian reside	ent for tax pu	rposes?				
yes		Tf	FN	ш		
no	Please	specify your coun	try			
Online access We will provide you with secur access?	e online acces	ss (Client Portal) f	or a Perpetual	Private Wrap <i>A</i>	Account. Do you ha	ve existing Client Portal
no	(a new ac	cess code will be	provided to you	ı)		
yes	е	existing access co	de			
Proof of identity		ached a complete from www.perpetu		entification forr	m – Individuals and	sole traders' which is

Member 4 details

title	Mr	Mrs	Miss	Ms	Other	
first name(s)						
last name	\top					
date of birth	/	/		gender	male	female
	+++			gender	male	lemale
occupation Residential address (mandate	tory)					
Your residential address canno						
unit number		street numb	er			
street name						
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcod	е			
country						
Mailing address (if different	from your re	sidential addre	ss)			
unit number		street numb	er	PO box	ЩЩ	
street name			Ш			
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcod	е			
country	\top					
Contact details						
phone (business hours)				phone (after hours)		
mobile						
email address						
Are you an Australian reside	ent for tax pu	irposes?				
yes			TFN	ш		
no	Please	specify your cou	untry			
Online access We will provide you with secur access?	re online acce	ess (Client Portal) for a Perpetu	ual Private Wrap A	.ccount. Do you h	nave existing Client Portal
no	(a new ad	ccess code will b	e provided to	you)		
yes		existing access of	code			
Proof of identity		ached a comple from www.perpe		identification form	n – Individuals ar	nd sole traders' which is

Member 5 details

title	Mr	Mrs	Miss	Ms	Other	
first name(s)	$\top \top \top$					
last name						
date of birth				gender	male	female
occupation						
Residential address (mandat Your residential address canno		c or c/o another pa	arty.			
unit number		street number				
street name	\top		TTTT			
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcode				
country						
Mailing address (if different	from your res	sidential address	s)			
unit number		street number		PO box		
street name						
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcode				
country	$\top \top \top$					
Contact details						
phone (business hours)				phone (after hours		
mobile				`	,	
email address						
Are you an Australian reside	ent for tax pu	rposes?				
yes		Tf	FN	ш		
no	Please	specify your coun	try			
Online access We will provide you with secur access?	e online acces	ss (Client Portal) f	or a Perpetual	Private Wrap <i>A</i>	Account. Do you ha	ve existing Client Portal
no	(a new ac	cess code will be	provided to you	ı)		
yes	е	existing access co	de			
Proof of identity		ached a complete from www.perpetu		entification forr	m – Individuals and	sole traders' which is

Member 6 details

title	Mr	Mrs	Miss	Ms	Other	
first name(s)						
last name	\top					
date of birth	/	/		gender	male	female
	+++			gender	male	lemale
occupation Residential address (mandate	tory)					
Your residential address canno						
unit number		street numb	er			
street name						
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcod	е			
country						
Mailing address (if different	from your re	sidential addre	ss)			
unit number		street numb	er	PO box	ЩЩ	
street name			Ш			
suburb (if relevant) OR city						
state		postcod	е			
country	\top					
Contact details						
phone (business hours)				phone (after hours)		
mobile						
email address						
Are you an Australian reside	ent for tax pu	irposes?				
yes			TFN	ш		
no	Please	specify your cou	untry			
Online access We will provide you with secur access?	re online acce	ess (Client Portal) for a Perpetu	ual Private Wrap A	.ccount. Do you h	nave existing Client Portal
no	(a new ad	ccess code will b	e provided to	you)		
yes		existing access of	code			
Proof of identity		ached a comple from www.perpe		identification form	n – Individuals ar	nd sole traders' which is

3. Opening balance

Initial contribution	s by members						
Provide full detail	s of your contributions using the form provided with this PDS.						
Transfer from other superannuation funds/rollover funds							
Fund name							
	Amount						
Fund name							
	Amount						
Fund name							
	Amount						
Fund name							
	Amount						
Fund name							
	Amount						
	Total of expected transfers/rollovers						
Please indicate h	ow the opening balance will be provided:						
In specie	ransfer of assets						
Funds trai	sfer by internet/phone (eg BPAY®)						

4. Pension account

I am an existing DIY Super client Yes No Account number
Fund name
Member name
Is this a transfer from an existing fund? Yes No
Purchase price or entire balance
Commencement date / /
Preferred first payment date / / / (must be at least one week after commencement date) Amount of pension required to the end of June
Minimum or amount (subject to minimum amount required)
Maximum (transition to retirement pensions only)
Tick this box if you want your accumulation account to remain open.
Frequency
Weekly Day of week
Fortnightly Day of week
Monthly Start date / /
Quarterly Start date / /
Half yearly Start date / /
Yearly Start date / /
I have attached a completed 'Tax file number declaration' form if I am less than 60 years of age.
Nominated bank account details The bank account nominated for receipt of pension payments must be in the name of the pension member. Name of financial institution
Branch
BSB Account number
Account name

Reversionary pension deta	ils			
Non-reversionary				
	mv accumulated balance at	my death to be used to continu	ue a pension to mv surv	riving spouse or dependan
(Note: binding death	benefit nominations are	not available if you select th		9
Reversionary beneficiary's fu	ıll name			
Date of birth /	/	tax file number (TFN)		
Signature of reversionary be	neficiary			
			date	1 1
. Investment stra	tegy			
High Growth	Growth	Balanced	Conservative	Cautious
. Broker details				
	automatically set on the ac	ccount. However, if you wish t	o nominate another au	thorised broking institutio
Our preferred brokers will be		ccount. However, if you wish to		
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a			your authorised broking	
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
to trade on your portfolio, in a			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a Broker name			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a Broker name '. Adviser details			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a Broker name			your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a Broker name 7. Adviser details Dealer name	addition to our preferred on		your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a Broker name 7. Adviser details	addition to our preferred on		your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a Broker name 7. Adviser details Dealer name	addition to our preferred on		your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a Broker name 7. Adviser details Dealer name	addition to our preferred on	line brokers, please nominate	your authorised broking	ng institution(s) here.
Our preferred brokers will be to trade on your portfolio, in a Broker name 7. Adviser details Dealer name Adviser name (adviser who i	s linked to the account) Adviser	line brokers, please nominate	Broke	ng institution(s) here.

8. Fee details

Any amendments to this section must be signed in full by the applicant(s).

Establishment fee (GST inclus	sive)		
One-off flat dollar fee	New fund – \$500		
	Existing fund – \$1,000		
Adviser fees Financial planning fee and/or	strategic advice fee (Perpetual Pri	vate advisers only)	
	(ex-GST) payable /	/	
A) Adviser service fee or Service level:	ice fee (Perpetual Private advisers	s only)	
Advisory			
Custody			
Discretionary			
Standard fees for the chosen	service level will apply unless you c	omplete section B.	
Ongoing annual adviser se			ntire portfolio and deducted monthly.
Tiered percentage structure	e:		
Portfolio balance: From	То	Rate: % pa (ex-GST)	
\$0.00			
Flat percentage structure:			
	% pa (ex-GST)		
Flat dollar structure:			
	pa (ex-GST) – deducted monthly		
Ad hoc adviser service fee			
	(ex-GST) payable on /	/	
Please also provide a completed portfolios for fee purposes.	'Perpetual Private Wrap – Account g	rouping setup and m	aintenance form' if you wish to group multiple

9. Member confirmations and undertakings

By signing this application form, I confirm that:

- I have read and understand the Product Disclosure Statement issue number 13 dated 1 March 2025 for Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service (PDS).
- I agree to be bound by the terms of the trust deed (as amended) and all relevant laws governing the Fund.
- The Trustee may implement my investment recommendations upon receipt of my instructions, as soon as is practicable to do so.
- I will provide the Trustee with any information requested in relation to my membership of the Fund and will promptly notify the Trustee in writing of any change to the information in this application form.
- I acknowledge that the Trustee will hold personal information about me in relation to my membership of the Fund and will disclose this
 information to the Promoter and my financial adviser. I also acknowledge that the Trustee will cease to disclose this personal information
 if I notify the Trustee in writing that the financial adviser no longer acts on my behalf.
- The Trustee may rely on any information my financial adviser provides and is not responsible for any errors or omissions made by that adviser.
- I authorise the Trustee to accept investment requests from my financial adviser unless/until I otherwise notify the Trustee in writing.
- I have considered/will be considering my insurance requirements with my financial advisor and, where appropriate, will approach the Trustee to arrange suitable insurance cover through the Fund.
- The Trustee is authorised and directed to deduct all fees and charges and recover relevant expenses from the Fund in accordance with the PDS.
- I authorise and direct the Trustee to pay the amounts shown in section 8 to the financial adviser whose details appear in section 7.
- I understand and consent that a period longer than 30 days may be required to effect a full transfer or rollover to another fund if any of
 the assets held within the Fund are illiquid investments that may take longer than 30 days to redeem.
- I understand that any pension I have selected will only continue to be paid while the available assets in my account supporting the
 pension remain adequate and that the Trustee has no liability whatsoever beyond these available assets.
- I authorise the Trustee to quote my tax file number (TFN) or exemption to the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) and to obtain information from the ATO regarding my superannuation and/or pension account(s) in relation to my TFN, PAYG or other superannuation tax-related matters.

•	am commencing an accumulation account, I am eligible to make contributions as follows (please tick the appropriate box/es – refer he PDS for details):
	I am an Australian tax resident or I understand the restrictions for non-residents of Australia making contributions or rolling over other superannuation balances into the Fund
	I declare that I am eligible to make personal contributions, or my employer is making voluntary contributions (including salary sacrifice) on my behalf, and acknowledge that I am aged less than 75 years.
	If I am aged 67 or over and intend to claim a tax deduction for my personal contributions, I declare that in the current financial year I have worked in paid employment for at least 40 hours in a period of not more than 30 consecutive days.
	I am eligible to receive spouse contributions and acknowledge that I understand and satisfy legislative requirements for such contributions.
•	am commencing a pension account, I have satisfied the following condition of release (please tick one box – refer to the PDS for ails):
	I have reached the age of 65.
	I have ceased employment having reached my preservation age, and it is not my intention to work again.
	I am permanently incapacitated, and have met the additional requirements needed.
	I have been diagnosed with a terminal medical condition likely to result in my death within 24 months and have met the additional requirements needed.
ſ	I have reached my preservation age but I am still working ('Transition to retirement' provisions will apply to your account based

pension - refer to the PDS for details).

Member signatures

Signature of member 1						
	date		,	1		П
	dato					
Signature of member 2						
	les.		,	,	77	
	date	ш	/	/		
Signature of member 3						
	date	ш	/	/	ш	ш
Signature of member 4						
					-	
	date		/	/		
Signature of member 5						
	date		/	/		
Signature of member 6						
	date		/	/		
Members' interests in their Fund are subject to investment risk. These risk invested and possible delays in repayment. Neither the Trustee, PTCo, nor						
the performance of the Fund or the return of any investment.						

Nomination of beneficiary

1. Fund and member details (must be completed)

Fund name	
Account number (if known)	
Member name	

2. Beneficiary details (must be completed)

Please read the 'Important notice for beneficiary nominations' at the end of this form before you complete this section. If you want all or part of the benefit to be paid to your estate (and distributed in accordance with your Will) you should write 'Legal Personal Representative' in the row headed 'Name' and write the relevant percentage in 'allocation (%)'. If you have selected a reversionary pension in section 4 of the application form, binding nominations are not available to you.										
Beneficiary nomination	Beneficiary nomination type (please select one only)									
Binding OR	Non-binding									
Beneficiary 1										
Name										
Relationship to me	allocation (%)									
date of birth										
Beneficiary 2										
Name										
Relationship to me	allocation (%)									
date of birth										

Beneficiary 3	
Name	
Relationship to me	allocation (%)
Date of birth /	
Beneficiary 4	
Name	
Relationship to me	allocation (%)
Date of birth /	Total 100%
3. Declaration by member (must be completed)	
I direct the Trustee to distribute the benefit payable in respect of me in the event of my death in accordance nomination form supersedes any previous nomination of beneficiary. I acknowledge that I have read the binding nomination rules below, and that my nomination complies with	
Signature of member	
Date /	
4. Declaration by witnesses (binding nomination only)	
We, the undersigned, declare that we are at least 18 years of age and that this notice was signed by the n (Please ensure that the date each of the witnesses signs this form is the same date as the member signs, will not be valid.)	
Witness 1	
Name	
Address	
Address	
Suburb	Postcode
Signature of witness 1	
Date	1

Witness 2 Name		
Address		
Suburb	State	Doctordo
Suburb	State	Postcode
Signature of witness 2		
Signature of witness 2		
	Date	1 1

Important notice for beneficiary nominations

For the purpose of paying a death benefit, a dependant includes:

- a person who is financially dependent upon you at the date of death
- · a child, adopted child, step-child, ex-nuptial child or
- a spouse (including a de facto or same sex spouse) or
- a person with whom you have a close personal relationship and share a residence with and one or each of you provides the other with financial support, domestic support and personal care.

A dependant is also a person with whom you have a close personal relationship, but the other requirements detailed above aren't satisfied because either or both of you suffer from a physical, intellectual or psychiatric disability.

Important notice for binding nominations

In order to be effective, a binding nomination must be signed by two (2) witnesses who are at least 18 years old and who are not named in this nomination form. Also, in order to have effect this form must be received by the Trustee.

You may only nominate dependants or legal personal representatives.

A binding nomination is effective for three (3) years after the day it was first signed, or last confirmed or amended by the member. If you wish to confirm your nomination (to avoid it ceasing to have effect after three (3) years) you may do so by providing a new binding death benefit dependant nomination form to that effect to the Trustee.

Your binding nomination will also cease to have effect if you subsequently marry, remarry or divorce.

If you wish to amend or revoke your binding nomination you may do so by providing a notice to that effect to the Trustee witnessed in the same manner as your original nomination (by two (2) persons over the age of 18 years who are not named in the nomination form). We will provide a form for this purpose upon request.

If a beneficiary nominated to receive a benefit predeceases the member or if a person nominated below is not a dependant or legal personal representative at the time of death, that person's benefit will be distributed equally amongst the surviving nominated dependants or nominated legal personal representative. If there are no surviving nominated dependants or nominated legal personal representative the benefit will be paid in accordance with the Trustee's discretion.

You must provide all details requested in this form. If you do not, the Trustee may need to contact you to obtain further information. In the absence of certain information, the rules governing binding nominations adopted by the Trustee provide for the following:

- If you fail to specify an allocation, the benefit will be distributed equally amongst those persons nominated who are eligible to receive a benefit. If you do nominate allocations in respect of all nominated persons but the sum of the allocations is other than 100%, the allocations will be adjusted proportionately.
- If you specify an allocation in respect of some but not all of the nominated persons the residual amount will be distributed equally
 amongst those nominated persons in respect of whom no allocation is specified. In the event there is no residual amount, no benefit
 will be paid to those persons in respect of whom no allocation is specified.

Benefit transfer request

Please complete this form in black ink using BLOCK letters.

1. Member details

You must complete a separate transfer authority for each fund you are transferring from.

title	Mr	Mrs	Miss	Ms	other		date of	birth	1	/		
first name(s)		щ	Ш		4		Ш	Щ			H	
last name	Ш	₩	щ.	Ш					Ш			
tax file number (TFN) ¹	1 Vou oro	not obligad	by law to diag	logo vour T	TNL but there	may be tay (consequences	if you do not r	vrovido it			
	1 fou ale i	lot obliged	by law to disc	iose your ir	n, but mere	may be tax t	consequences	ii you do not p	novide it.			
gender	male	femal	е									
phone (business hours)						phone (af	ter hours)					Ш
phone (mobile)		Ш	Ш	Ш								
residential address												
suburb (if relevant) or city	Ш	Ш					state		postco	ode		
country	Ш	Ш							Ш			
	If the add	dress held	d by your 'F	ROM' fund	d is differe	nt to your o	current addre	ess, please	give deta	ails belov	N.	
previous address				ш					ш			Ш
suburb (if relevant) or city		Ш					state		postco	ode		
country		Ш		Ш								Ш

2. Fund details

FROM (old fund) TO (new fund in Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service) fund name fund name fund postal address membership or account number (if known) Australian business number (ABN) (if known) fund phone number membership or account number Australian business number (ABN) Unique superannuation identifier **Transfer amount** If you have multiple account numbers with this fund, you must complete a separate form for each account you wish to transfer. I authorise the transfer of the total value or partial value of my benefit in the above superannuation fund or policy to: Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service, GPO Box 5106, Sydney NSW 2001.

3. Proof of identity

lf you do.	u do not provide proof of identity with this form your 'FROM' fund may not release your benefit and delay transferring it to us until you
	I have attached a certified copy of my driver's licence or passport
or Lhave	e attached certified copies of hoth my

I have attached **certified** copies of **both** my:

Birth/Citizenship Certificate or Centrelink Pension Card

and

one of the following:

- Centrelink payment letter (less than 12 months old) or
- Government notice (less than 12 months old) or
- Local council notice (less than 3 months old)

3. Proof of identity (continued)

Certification of personal documents

All copied pages of ORIGINAL proof of identification documents (including any linking documents) need to be certified as true copies by an individual approved to do so (see below).

The person who is authorised to certify documents must sight the original and the copy and make sure both documents are identical, then make sure all pages have been certified as true copies by writing or stamping 'certified true copy' followed by their signature, printed name, qualification (eg Justice of the Peace, Australia Post employee, etc) and date.

The following can certify copies of the originals as true and correct copies:

- an Australian bank, building society, credit union or finance company officer with a minimum of 2 years continuous service
- a fellow of the National Tax and Accountants' Association
- an Australian judge of a court, Justice of the Peace or magistrate
- an Australian legal practitioner
- a notary public, patent or trade marks attorney
- an Australian medical practitioner including dentist, nurse, midwife, optometrist, pharmacist, physiotherapist, chiropractor, psychologist, occupational therapist or veterinary surgeon
- a permanent employee or agent of the Australian Postal Corporation with a minimum of 2 years continuous service
- an Australian federal, state or territory police officer
- an architect
- a teacher employed on a full-time basis at an Australian school or tertiary education institution
- an accountant who is a full member of the Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand, CPA Australia, the Institute of Public Accountants or the Association of Taxation and Management Accountants
- an Australian Consulate or Diplomatic Officer
- · a registered migration agent
- an officer or authorised representative of an Australian Financial Services Licence holder with a minimum of 2 years continuous service with one or more licensees
- · a financial adviser or financial planner
- a person in a country other than Australia who is authorised by local law to administer oaths or affirmations or to authenticate documents (please list the local law providing this authority when certifying the document).

4. Authorisation

By signing this request form I:

- declare I have fully read this form and the information completed is true and correct
- am aware I may ask my superannuation provider for information about any fees or charges that may apply, or any other information about the effect this transfer may have on my benefits, and do not require any further information
- . consent to my tax file number being disclosed for the purposes of consolidating my account
- discharge the superannuation provider of my 'FROM' fund of all further liability in respect of the benefits paid and transferred to my 'TO' fund.

I request and consent to the transfer of superannuation as described above and authorise the superannuation provider of each fund to give effect to this transfer.

first name(s)		I	I														
last name																	
signature									dat	e	/		/	Ī	Ī		

Compliance letter

To the Trustee

Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service

Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited wishes to confirm that the trust deed to be used for the Small APRA Funds utilising this Service:

- complies with the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 and Regulations ('SIS')
- · provides for benefits to be transferred into the Fund
- complies with the preservation requirements set out in SIS.

The Fund accepts all contribution types, including superannuation guarantee contributions from any employer on behalf of a member.

As required the Fund will apply to the Australian Taxation Office for an Australian Business Number and/or to the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority for a Registrable Superannuation Entity number. Copies of the relevant application forms will be provided by us upon request.

Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited acts as trustee of the Fund.

Yours faithfully

Directors Equity Trustees Superannuation Limited

Contribution details – Individuals

(To be completed by the person for whom the contribution is being made.)

Contribution limits: Please refer to the PDS for information about contribution limits. You should speak to your financial adviser about these limits when considering your situation. Contributions made in excess of the above limits will attract additional tax.

1. Contribution details

Superannuation fund name					
Account number					
Member name					
Cash contribution amount		In specie conti	ribution amount	t	
Contribution break-up					
Total contribution		Spouse contri	bution		
Personal after-tax contribution		Personal cond	cessional contri	bution	
Downsizer contribution			eed to complet from the ATO		ontribution into superannuation'
Personal concessiona	l contribution – contribution	s made by the m	ember for which	n they intend to c	laim a tax deduction.
Personal after-tax control	tribution – contributions madibution).	de by the membe	r for which a ta	x deduction is no	t claimed (also known as
Spouse contribution – the receiving spouse.	contributions made by a men	mber's spouse. T	he contribution	counts as a non-	-concessional contribution for
	est to alter a previous tax ded				contributions. You cannot claim sion using all or part of the
Eligibility to contribute	e				
	e that I am eligible to make peny behalf, and acknowledge t				oluntary contributions (including
 If I am aged 67 or over I have worked in paid 	er and intend to claim a tax d d employment for at least 40 h	eduction for my p nours in a period	ersonal contrib of not more tha	outions, I declare an 30 consecutive	that in the current financial year e days.
 If applicable, I am elig for such contributions 		utions and ackno	wledge that I ur	nderstand and sa	tisfy the legislative requirements
 If applicable, I declare requirements for such 		ownsizer contribu	tion and acknov	wledge that I unde	erstand and satisfy the legislative
Are you an Australian re	esident for tax purposes?	Yes	No		
Signature of member					
		Da	ate /	1	

Contact details

For further information please contact us using PTCo's contact details below.

Website

www.perpetual.com.au/saf

Email

 ${\it diysuper@perpetual.com.au}$

Phone

During business hours (Sydney time) 1800 645 227

Postal address

Perpetual Small APRA Fund Service GPO Box 5106 Sydney NSW 2001

Australian Capital Territory

Nishi Building Level 9 2 Phillip Law Street Canberra ACT 2601

New South Wales

Angel Place Level 18 123 Pitt Street Sydney NSW 2000

Queensland

Central Plaza 1 Level 15 345 Queen Street Brisbane QLD 4000

South Australia

Level 11 101 Grenfell Street Adelaide SA 5000

Victoria

Rialto South Tower Level 29 525 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

Western Australia

Exchange Tower Level 29 2 The Esplanade Perth WA 6000

www.perpetual.com.au

