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# Perpetual's Australian Share Fund

Annual Financial Report – 30 June 2021

ARSN 093 183 165

Perpetual Investment Management Limited  
ABN 18 000 866 535 AFSL 234426

Perpetual 

# Perpetual Australian Share Fund

ARSN 093 183 165

## Annual Financial Report - 30 June 2021

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## Directors' report

The directors of Perpetual Investment Management Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of Perpetual Limited), the Responsible Entity of Perpetual Australian Share Fund, present their report together with the annual financial report of Perpetual Australian Share Fund (the Scheme) for the year ended 30 June 2021 and the auditor's report thereon.

### Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of Perpetual Australian Share Fund is Perpetual Investment Management Limited (ABN 18 000 866 535). The Responsible Entity's registered office and principal place of business is Level 18, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

### Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Perpetual Investment Management Limited during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

A Apted (appointed 9 April 2020)  
A Gazal (appointed 9 April 2020)  
D Lane (appointed 20 April 2017)

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the Scheme is to invest in quality Australian industrial and resource shares to provide investors with long term growth and income.

The Scheme did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Scheme's activities during the year.

### Review and results of operations

During the year, the Scheme's assets were invested in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Scheme and in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

The performance of the Scheme, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	2021	2020
Profit/(loss) (\$'000)	<u>310,259</u>	<u>(129,427)</u>
Distributions paid and payable (\$'000)	<u>82,600</u>	<u>69,474</u>
Distributions (cents per unit)	<u>46.15</u>	<u>24.65</u>

Where applicable, the volatility in global and local capital markets resulting from the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic continues to be reflected in the valuation of the Scheme's investment portfolio and its financial results for the year ended 30 June 2021.

### Interests in the Scheme

The movement in units on issue in the Scheme during the year is disclosed in note 6 to the financial statements.

The value of the Scheme's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the balance sheet and derived using the basis set out in note 2 to the financial statements.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Scheme that occurred during the financial year.

### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Scheme will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Scheme and in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

The Responsible Entity has appointed State Street Australia Limited, a subsidiary of State Street Corporation to provide the custodial and fund administration services to the Scheme. State Street Australia Limited will officially replace RBC Investor & Treasury Services effective from 27 September 2021.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Scheme in future financial years; or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Scheme in future financial years.

### Environmental regulation

The operations of the Scheme are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth, or of a State or Territory.

### Fees paid to and interests held in the Scheme by the Responsible Entity or its related parties

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its related parties out of Scheme property during the year are disclosed in note 12 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Scheme property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Scheme held by the Responsible Entity or its related parties as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 12 to the financial statements.

### Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Scheme in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of Perpetual Investment Management Limited or the auditor of the Scheme. So long as the officers of Perpetual Investment Management Limited act in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution and the law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Scheme against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Scheme. The auditor of the Scheme is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Scheme.

### Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Scheme is an entity of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*. Amounts in the directors' report and financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with the legislative instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

## Directors' report (continued)

### Lead auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the lead auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Director

Sydney  
15 September 2021



# Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Perpetual Investment Management Limited as the  
Responsible Entity of Perpetual's Australian Share Fund

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of Perpetual's Australian Share Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

Jessica Davis

*Partner*

Sydney

15 September 2021

**Perpetual Australian Share Fund**  
**Statement of comprehensive income**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2021**

**Statement of comprehensive income**

	Notes	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
<b>Investment income</b>			
Dividend/distribution income		22,861	53,105
Interest income		10	51
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	3	298,807	(166,571)
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		(172)	(1,040)
Other income		14	1,513
<b>Total net investment income/(loss)</b>		<u>321,520</u>	<u>(112,942)</u>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Responsible Entity's fees	12	9,859	13,116
Other operating expenses	4	1,402	3,369
<b>Total expenses</b>		<u>11,261</u>	<u>16,485</u>
<b>Profit/(loss)</b>		<u>310,259</u>	<u>(129,427)</u>
Other comprehensive income		-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		<u>310,259</u>	<u>(129,427)</u>

*The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Perpetual Australian Share Fund**  
**Balance sheet**  
**As at 30 June 2021**

**Balance sheet**

	Notes	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	10(b)	10,412	9,902
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7	969,834	1,133,071
Receivables for securities sold		1,937	5,592
Receivables	8	<u>3,727</u>	<u>1,628</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>985,910</u>	<u>1,150,193</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Distributions payable	5	75,217	40,812
Payables for securities purchased		6,657	3,614
Payables	9	<u>1,169</u>	<u>1,458</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>83,043</u>	<u>45,884</u>
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity</b>		<u>902,867</u>	<u>1,104,309</u>

*The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*



**Perpetual Australian Share Fund**  
**Statement of changes in equity**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2021**

**Statement of changes in equity**

	Notes	<b>30 June 2021 \$'000</b>	30 June 2020 \$'000
<b>Total equity at the beginning of the year</b>	6	<b>1,104,309</b>	1,445,062
<b>Comprehensive income for the year</b>			
Profit/(loss)		<u>310,259</u>	<u>(129,427)</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>310,259</u>	<u>(129,427)</u>
<b>Transactions with unitholders</b>			
Applications	6	37,522	50,735
Redemptions	6	(514,671)	(284,888)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	6	48,048	92,301
Distributions to unitholders	5, 6	<u>(82,600)</u>	<u>(69,474)</u>
<b>Total transactions with unitholders</b>		<u>(511,701)</u>	<u>(211,326)</u>
<b>Total equity at the end of the year</b>	6	<u>902,867</u>	<u>1,104,309</u>

*The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

**Perpetual Australian Share Fund**  
**Statement of cash flows**  
**For the year ended 30 June 2021**

**Statement of cash flows**

	<b>30 June 2021 \$'000</b>	<b>30 June 2020 \$'000</b>
Notes		
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Dividends/distributions received	20,808	55,372
Interest received	10	51
Other income received	925	2,286
Responsible Entity's fees paid	(10,809)	(14,317)
Other operating expenses paid	(1,494)	(3,589)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	<b>9,440</b>	<b>39,803</b>
10(a)		
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Proceeds from sale of investments	1,238,233	1,873,794
Payments for purchase of investments	(769,663)	(1,673,630)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities</b>	<b>468,570</b>	<b>200,164</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from applications by unitholders	37,378	50,830
Payments for redemptions by unitholders	(514,731)	(285,293)
Distributions paid	(147)	(270)
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</b>	<b>(477,500)</b>	<b>(234,733)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>510</b>	<b>5,234</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	<b>9,902</b>	<b>4,668</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>10,412</b>	<b>9,902</b>
10(b)		

*The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.*

## 1 General Information

This annual financial report covers Perpetual Australian Share Fund (the Scheme) as an individual entity. The Scheme is a registered managed investment scheme under the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Scheme was constituted on 21 December 1992 in accordance with the *NSW Trustee Companies Act 1964* and will continue in existence for a period expiring 21 years after the death of last survivor of the issue now living of His Majesty King George The Sixth unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution (unless amended). The Scheme is domiciled in Australia. For the purpose of the financial statements, the Scheme is a for-profit entity.

The Responsible Entity of the Scheme is Perpetual Investment Management Limited. The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 18, 123 Pitt Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

The annual financial report was authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity on 15 September 2021. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the annual financial report.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of this annual financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### (a) Basis of preparation

The annual financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia.

The annual financial report is prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

#### *Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards*

The annual financial report of the Scheme also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

#### *Functional and presentation currency*

The annual financial report is presented in Australian dollars, which is the Scheme's functional currency.

#### *Use of estimates*

Management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed regularly and are based on historical experience and various other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Where applicable to the fair value measurement, the impact of coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is assessed and estimated. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The use of estimates and critical judgements in fair value measurement that can have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is described in note 14(d).

### (b) New accounting standards and interpretations

There are no new accounting standards, amendments and interpretations effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2020 that would be expected to have a material impact on the Scheme.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (c) Financial instruments

#### (i) Classification

The Scheme classifies its investments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The Scheme's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Scheme's documented investment strategy. The Scheme evaluates the information about its investments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Derivatives, equity securities and unlisted unit trusts are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Scheme recognises financial assets and liabilities on the date it becomes party to the purchase contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised on the date the Scheme becomes party to the sale contractual agreement (trade date).

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, a financial asset or liability is measured at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequently all financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value without any deduction for estimated future selling cost. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value measurement are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Further details of fair value measurement are disclosed in note 14(d).

#### (iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### (d) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at unitholders' option, however applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Scheme at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders. The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the balance sheet date if the unitholders exercise their right to put the units back to the Scheme.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (d) Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

Under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments are classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Scheme classifies the net assets attributable to unitholders as equity as they satisfy the following criteria:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Scheme's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and the class features are identical;
- no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Scheme, and it is not a contract settled in the Scheme's own equity instrument; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank, margin accounts, and other short term and highly liquid financial assets with a maturity period of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### (f) Receivables

Receivables include accrued income, application monies receivables and receivables for securities sold. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being accrued for.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Scheme shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Scheme shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss within other operating expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other operating expenses in profit or loss.

### (g) Payables

Payables include accrued expenses, redemption monies owing by the Scheme and payables for securities purchased which are unpaid at the end of the reporting date. Amounts are generally paid within 30 days of being accrued for.

## 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### (h) Investment income

Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest method and includes interest from cash and cash equivalents.

Dividend and distribution income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the Scheme's right to receive payment is established.

Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the accounting policies described in note 2(c).

### (i) Expenses

All expenses, including Responsible Entity's fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accruals basis.

### (j) Income tax

The Scheme is not subject to income tax provided the taxable income of the Scheme is attributed in full to its unitholders each financial year either by way of cash or reinvestment. Unitholders are subject to income tax at their own marginal tax rates on amounts attributable to them.

The benefits of franking credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders, providing certain conditions are met.

### (k) Distributions

Distributions are payable as set out in the Scheme's Constitution. Such distributions are recognised as payable when they are determined by the Responsible Entity of the Scheme.

### (l) Goods and Services Tax

The Goods and Services Tax (GST) is incurred on the cost of various services provided to the Scheme by third parties. The Scheme qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credit; hence expenses such as Responsible Entity's fees have been recognised in profit or loss net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. Payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable is included in receivables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

### (m) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in profit or loss on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

### 3 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains/(losses) arising from changes in the fair value measurement comprise:

	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Net unrealised gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	210,705	(199,508)
Net realised gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	88,102	32,937
<b>Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>298,807</b>	<b>(166,571)</b>

### 4 Other operating expenses

	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Transaction costs	1,402	3,369
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,402</b>	<b>3,369</b>

### 5 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions for the year were as follows:

	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2021 CPU	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2020 CPU
<b>Distributions</b>				
Distributions paid - September	-	-	3,154	1.02
Distributions paid - December	5,085	2.72	21,034	7.32
Distributions paid - March	2,298	1.26	4,474	1.61
Distributions payable - June	75,217	42.17	40,812	14.70
<b>Total distributions</b>	<b>82,600</b>	<b>42.17</b>	<b>69,474</b>	<b>14.70</b>

## 6 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	<b>30 June 2021 Units '000</b>	30 June 2020 Units '000	<b>30 June 2021 \$'000</b>	30 June 2020 \$'000
<b>Net assets attributable to unitholders</b>				
Opening balance	<b>277,636</b>	308,226	<b>1,104,309</b>	1,445,062
Applications	<b>7,991</b>	11,408	<b>37,522</b>	50,735
Redemptions	<b>(119,028)</b>	(61,945)	<b>(514,671)</b>	(284,888)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	<b>11,766</b>	19,947	<b>48,048</b>	92,301
Distributions to unitholders	-	-	<b>(82,600)</b>	(69,474)
Profit/(loss)	-	-	<b>310,259</b>	(129,427)
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>178,365</b>	277,636	<b>902,867</b>	1,104,309

As stipulated within the Scheme's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual unit in the Scheme and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Scheme. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same right attaching to it as all other units of the Scheme.

### *Capital risk management*

The Scheme considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Scheme is subject to daily applications and daily redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Scheme's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Scheme's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application and to defer or adjust a redemption if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

## 7 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	<b>30 June 2021 \$'000</b>	30 June 2020 \$'000
Derivatives		
Foreign exchange forward contracts	<b>333</b>	-
Equities	<b>942,319</b>	1,076,584
Unlisted unit trusts	<b>27,182</b>	56,487
<b>Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>969,834</b>	1,133,071



## 8 Receivables

	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Dividends/distributions receivable	3,035	982
Applications receivable	177	33
Other receivables	515	613
<b>Total receivables</b>	<b>3,727</b>	<b>1,628</b>

## 9 Payables

	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Responsible Entity's fees payable	855	1,084
Redemptions payable	314	374
<b>Total payables</b>	<b>1,169</b>	<b>1,458</b>

## 10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
<b>(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>		
Profit/(loss)	310,259	(129,427)
(Increase)/decrease in dividends/distributions receivable	(2,053)	2,267
(Increase)/decrease in other receivables	98	(407)
Increase/(decrease) in payables	(229)	(241)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(298,807)	166,571
Net foreign exchange (gains)/losses	172	1,040
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	<b>9,440</b>	<b>39,803</b>

## 10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities (continued)

	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
<b>(b) Components of cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Cash at the end of the year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the balance sheet as follows:		
Cash at bank	<u>10,412</u>	<u>9,902</u>
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b><u>10,412</u></b>	<b><u>9,902</u></b>
<b>(c) Non-cash financing activities</b>		
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan		
	<u>48,048</u>	<u>92,301</u>

## 11 Remuneration of auditors

	30 June 2021 \$	30 June 2020 \$
Amount received or due and receivable by KPMG:		
Audit of financial statements	<u>14,561</u>	14,416
Other regulatory assurance services	<u>3,733</u>	<u>3,922</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>18,294</u></b>	<b><u>18,338</u></b>

Audit fees were paid or payable by the Responsible Entity.

## 12 Related party transactions

### Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of Perpetual Australian Share Fund is Perpetual Investment Management Limited (ABN 18 000 866 535), a wholly owned subsidiary of Perpetual Limited (ACN 000 431 827).

The Scheme does not employ personnel in its own right. However, it is required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities of the Scheme and this is considered the key management personnel.

## 12 Related party transactions (continued)

### Key management personnel

#### (a) Directors

The directors of Perpetual Investment Management Limited during the financial year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

A Apted (appointed 9 April 2020)  
A Gazal (appointed 9 April 2020)  
D Lane (appointed 20 April 2017)

#### (b) Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Scheme, directly or indirectly, during or since the end of the financial year.

### Key management personnel unitholdings

From time to time directors of the Responsible Entity, or their related entities, may invest in or withdraw from the Scheme. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other unitholders of the Scheme.

No key management personnel of the Responsible Entity held units in the Scheme as at 30 June 2021.

### Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel services are provided by Perpetual Investment Management Limited and included in the Responsible Entity's fees. There is no separate charge for these services. There was no compensation paid directly by the Scheme to any of the key management personnel during the year.

The Scheme has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

### Responsible Entity's fees and other transactions

Under the terms of the Scheme's Constitution, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive management fees, calculated by reference to the net asset value of the Scheme. The Responsible Entity's fees of 0.990% per annum are charged to the Scheme. Where the Scheme invests into other schemes, the Responsible Entity's fees are calculated after rebating management fees charged by the underlying schemes.

The transactions during the year and amounts payable at the reporting date between the Scheme and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	<b>30 June 2021</b>	30 June 2020
	\$	\$
Responsible Entity's fees	<b>9,858,829</b>	13,116,394
Responsible Entity fees payable	<b>854,800</b>	1,083,979

## 12 Related party transactions (continued)

### Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Scheme (including the Responsible Entity, its related parties and other schemes managed by the Responsible Entity) held units in the Scheme as follows:

#### 30 June 2021

Unitholders	Number of units held '000	Interest held %	Number of units acquired '000	Number of units disposed '000	Distributions paid/payable \$'000
Perpetual Balanced Growth Fund No.2	46,164	25.9	2,935	25,405	21,380
Perpetual Diversified Real Return Fund	20,374	11.4	888	-	9,398
Perpetual Wholesale Australian Fund	98,792	55.4	15,295	90,919	45,776
Perpetual Wholesale Conservative Growth Fund	7,383	4.1	385	1,657	3,425
Perpetual Wholesale Diversified Growth Fund	4,118	2.3	215	933	1,913

#### 30 June 2020

Unitholders	Number of units held '000	Interest held %	Number of units acquired '000	Number of units disposed '000	Distributions paid/payable \$'000
Perpetual Balanced Growth Fund No.2	68,634	24.7	4,619	6,354	16,852
Perpetual Diversified Real Return Fund	19,486	7.0	1,232	-	4,768
Perpetual Wholesale Australian Fund	174,416	62.8	24,528	54,071	44,143
Perpetual Wholesale Conservative Growth Fund	8,655	3.1	588	915	2,127
Perpetual Wholesale Diversified Growth Fund	4,836	1.7	330	566	1,186

## 12 Related party transactions (continued)

### Investments

The Scheme held investments in the following schemes which are also managed by the Responsible Entity or its related parties:

#### 30 June 2021

Investment	Number of units held '000	Fair value of investments \$'000	Interest held %	Number of units acquired '000	Number of units disposed '000	Distributions received/receivable \$'000
Perpetual Institutional Cash Management Trust	27,182	27,182	2.8	242,295	271,600	32

#### 30 June 2020

Investment	Number of units held '000	Fair value of investments \$'000	Interest held %	Number of units acquired '000	Number of units disposed '000	Distributions received/receivable \$'000
Perpetual Institutional Cash Management Trust	56,487	56,487	5.0	483,750	551,000	835

## 13 Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding control and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements.

The Scheme considers all investments in unlisted unit trusts to be structured entities. The Scheme invests in related unlisted unit trusts for the purpose of capital appreciation and earning investment income.

The unlisted unit trusts are invested in accordance with the investment strategy by their respective investment managers. The return of the unlisted unit trusts is exposed to the variability of the performance of their investments. The unlisted unit trusts finance their operations by issuing redeemable units which are puttable at the holder's option and entitle the holder to a proportional stake in the respective trusts' net assets and distributions.

The Scheme's exposure to structured entities at 30 June 2021 was \$27,181,529 (2020: \$56,486,975). The summary of exposures to the related unlisted unit trusts are disclosed in note 12.

The fair value of these entities is included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss in the balance sheet.

### **13 Structured entities (continued)**

The Scheme's maximum exposure to loss from its interests in the structured entities is equal to the total fair value of its investments in these entities as there are no off balance sheet exposures relating to them. The Scheme's exposure to any risk from the structured entities will cease when these investments are disposed of.

The Scheme does not have current commitments or intentions and contractual obligations to provide financial or other support to the structured entities. There are no loans or advances currently made to these entities.

### **14 Financial risk management**

The Scheme's investing activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

A risk management framework has been established by the Responsible Entity of the Scheme to monitor the Scheme's compliance with its governing documents and to minimise risks in its investment activities. This framework incorporates a regular assessment process to ensure procedures and controls adequately manage the investment activities. The Scheme is permitted to use derivative products. However, the use of derivatives must be consistent with the investment strategy and restrictions specified in the Scheme's governing documents.

All investment securities present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum loss of capital on long equities and unlisted unit trusts is limited to the fair values of those positions. The maximum loss of capital on derivatives is limited to the notional contract values of those positions.

The Scheme's asset managers aim to manage these risks through the use of consistent and carefully considered investment strategy and guidelines specifically tailored for the Scheme's investment objectives. Risk management techniques are used in the selection of investments. Asset managers will only purchase securities (including derivatives) which meet the prescribed investment criteria. Risk may also be reduced by diversifying investments across several asset managers, markets, regions or different asset classes and counterparties.

The Scheme uses different methods to measure different types of risks to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk; and credit ratings analysis for credit risk.

#### **(a) Market risk**

##### *(i) Currency risk*

Currency risk arises as the fair value or future cash flows of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The currency risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk not currency risk. However, management monitors the exposures on all foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

The Scheme held foreign exchange forward contracts to protect the valuation of financial assets and liabilities against variations in the exchange rates. The Scheme does not designate any derivatives as hedges, and hence these derivative financial instruments are classified at fair value through profit or loss.

The Scheme did not have any significant direct exposure to currency risk at the reporting date.

##### *(ii) Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Scheme is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on financial instruments with floating interest rates. Financial instruments with fixed interest rates expose the Scheme to fair value interest rate risk.

The Scheme's exposure to interest rate risk also arises from cash and cash equivalents and units in cash management trusts, which earn/charge a floating rate of interest.

## 14 Financial risk management (continued)

### (a) Market risk (continued)

#### (ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following table summarises the Scheme's exposure to interest rate risk:

	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>30 June 2021</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	10,412	-	-	10,412
Cash management trusts	27,182	-	-	27,182
	Floating interest rate \$'000	Fixed interest rate \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>30 June 2020</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	9,902	-	-	9,902
Cash management trusts	56,487	-	-	56,487

The table presented in note 14(a)(iv) summarises sensitivity analysis to interest rate risk. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates remain constant.

#### (iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk).

The Scheme is exposed to price risk predominantly through its investments for which prices in the future are uncertain.

The fair value of the Scheme's investments exposed to price risk was as follows:

	30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Equities	<u>942,319</u>	<u>1,076,584</u>
	<b>942,319</b>	<b>1,076,584</b>

The table presented in note 14(a)(iv) summarises sensitivity analysis to price risk. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

## 14 Financial risk management (continued)

### (a) Market risk (continued)

#### (iv) Sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk and price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in interest rates and historical correlation of the Scheme's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusual large market movements resulting from changes in the performance of and/or correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the Scheme invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variations in the risk variables.

	Sensitivity rates	Impact on profit/net assets attributable to unitholders	
		30 June 2021 \$'000	30 June 2020 \$'000
Interest rate risk	+0.10%	38	
	-0.10%	(38)	
	+0.25%		166
	-0.25%		(166)
Price risk	+10%	94,232	107,658
	-10%	(94,232)	(107,658)

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts when they fall due. The Scheme is exposed to counterparty credit risk on derivative financial instruments, cash and cash equivalents and receivables for securities sold. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

The Scheme determines credit risk and measures expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortised cost using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers relevant, historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. At the reporting date, all receivables and cash and cash equivalents are held with approved counterparties and are either callable on demand or due within 30 days. Management considers the probability of default to be low, as a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Scheme.



## 14 Financial risk management (continued)

### (b) Credit risk (continued)

#### (i) Cash and cash equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of A or higher (as determined by Standard & Poor's).

#### (ii) Receivables for securities sold

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment from the counterparty. Payments on securities acquired are only made after the broker has received the securities. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

All transactions in unlisted unit trusts are settled/unitised when unit prices are issued. The risk of default is considered low except when trading in a suspended unlisted unit trust.

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Scheme will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Scheme is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units.

The Scheme's investments in equity securities are considered to be readily realisable. The Scheme primarily holds investments in an active market which can be readily disposed. Only a limited proportion of these investments are not actively traded on a stock exchange.

The Scheme's investments in unlisted unit trusts expose it to the risk that the responsible entity or the manager of those trusts may be unwilling or unable to fulfill the redemption requests within the timeframe requested by the Scheme. However, these investments are considered readily realisable unless the unlisted unit trusts are declared illiquid or suspended.

In order to manage the Scheme's overall liquidity, asset managers will only purchase securities (including derivatives) which meet the Scheme's investment criteria, including the assessment of saleability in different market conditions. The Scheme's investment strategy generally defines a minimum liquidity level for the Scheme which is monitored regularly.

The following tables summarise the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments where applicable:

30 June 2021	Carrying amount \$'000	Contractual cash flows	
		At call \$'000	less than 6 months \$'000
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities</b>			
Distributions payable	75,217	-	75,217
Payables for securities purchased	6,657	-	6,657
Payables	1,169	-	1,169
<b>Total</b>	<b>83,043</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>83,043</b>

## 14 Financial risk management (continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk (continued)

	Carrying amount \$'000	Contractual cash flows At call \$'000	less than 6 months \$'000
30 June 2020			
Non-derivative financial liabilities			
Distributions payable	40,812	-	40,812
Payables for securities purchased	3,614	-	3,614
Payables	1,458	-	1,458
Total	45,884	-	45,884

### (d) Fair value measurement

The Scheme classifies fair value measurement of its financial assets and liabilities using a fair value hierarchy model that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

#### (i) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Listed securities and exchange traded derivatives are valued at the last traded price. For the majority of these financial instruments, information provided by the independent pricing services is relied upon for valuation.

An unlisted unit trust is considered to be quoted in an active market if it publishes daily prices and there is evidence that transactions occur at that unadjusted prices regularly. Investments in such trusts are valued using the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers without any adjustment.

## 14 Financial risk management (continued)

### (d) Fair value measurement (continued)

#### (ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation techniques that provide a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Valuation models use observable data to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in the assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments. The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions held.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that would be received or paid to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties.

Investments in unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such trusts.

The Scheme did not hold any financial instruments with fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

The following tables present the Scheme's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy:

30 June 2021	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>				
Derivatives				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	333	-	333
Equities	942,319	-	-	942,319
Unlisted unit trusts	27,182	-	-	27,182
<b>Total</b>	<b>969,501</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>969,834</b>

30 June 2020	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>				
Equities	1,073,545	3,039	-	1,076,584
Unlisted unit trusts	56,487	-	-	56,487
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,130,032</b>	<b>3,039</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,133,071</b>

## 14 Financial risk management (continued)

### (d) Fair value measurement (continued)

#### *Transfers between levels*

The Scheme's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between levels for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

## 15 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the balance sheet are disclosed in the first three columns of the table below:

	Effects of offsetting on the balance sheet		Related amounts not offset	
	Gross amounts set off in the balance sheet	Net amounts presented in the balance sheet	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements	Net amounts
30 June 2021	Gross amounts \$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Derivative financial instruments	333	-	333	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>-</b>

The Scheme did not hold any financial assets or liabilities subject to offsetting arrangements as at 30 June 2020.

#### *Master netting arrangement - not currently enforceable*

Agreements with derivative counterparties are based on the ISDA Master Agreements. Under the terms of these arrangements, only where certain credit events occur (such as default), the net position owing/receivable to a single counterparty in the same currency will be taken as owing and all the relevant arrangements terminated. As the Scheme does not presently have a legally enforceable right of set-off, these amounts have not been offset in the balance sheet, but have been presented separately in this note.

## **16 Derivative financial instruments**

A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign currency exchange rates, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variables.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Scheme's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Scheme against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility;
- a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Scheme.

The Scheme held the following derivative instruments during the year:

### **Foreign exchange forward contracts**

Foreign exchange forward contracts are primarily used by the Scheme to hedge against currency risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Scheme agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Foreign exchange forward contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the end of each reporting period. The Scheme recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

### **Risk exposures and fair value measurements**

Information about the Scheme's exposure to financial risks and the methods and assumptions used in determining fair values is provided in note 14. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of the derivative financial instruments.

## **17 Events occurring after the reporting period**

The uncertainty around COVID-19 continues to present social and economic challenges and the resulting impact on the capital markets remains uncertain. Since the reporting date, there have been no significant changes in the valuation of the Scheme's investment portfolio arising from the changes in the estimates and assumptions in relation to COVID-19.

The Responsible Entity has appointed State Street Australia Limited, a subsidiary of State Street Corporation to provide the custodial and fund administration services to the Scheme. State Street Australia Limited will officially replace RBC Investor & Treasury Services effective from 27 September 2021.

### **17 Events occurring after the reporting period (continued)**

No other significant events have occurred since the reporting date which would have impact on the financial position of the Scheme disclosed in the balance sheet as at 30 June 2021 or on the results and cash flows of the Scheme for the year ended on that date.

### **18 Contingent assets, liabilities and commitments**

There were no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020.

## Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of Perpetual Investment Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of Perpetual Australian Share Fund:

- (a) the annual financial statements and notes, set out on pages 6 to 29, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
  - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date;
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Director

Sydney  
15 September 2021



# Independent Auditor's Report

To the unitholders of Perpetual's Australian Share Fund

## Opinion

We have audited the **Financial Report** of Perpetual's Australian Share Fund (the Scheme).

In our opinion, the accompanying **Financial Report** of the Perpetual's Australian Share Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- complying with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

The **Financial Report** comprises:

- Balance sheet as at 30 June 2021
- Statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended
- Statement of changes in equity, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- Notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies
- Directors' Declaration.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report.

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Report in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

## Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in Perpetual's Australian Share Fund's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Report and the Auditor's Report. The Directors of Perpetual Investment Management Limited (the Responsible Entity) are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the Financial Report does not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.





We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The Directors of Perpetual Investment Management Limited (the Responsible Entity) are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001*
- implementing necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern and whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report is located at the *Auditing and Assurance Standards Board* website at: [http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf](http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf)  
This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

KPMG

Jessica Davis

Partner

Sydney

15 September 2021

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